

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 259

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1949

PRICE 2 ANNAS

THE DIGVIJAY INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED

1948—Highlights
 New Business Received Rs. 37,43,500
 Business Paid-for Rs. 33,15,000
 Total Assets exceed Rs. 14,00,000
 Paid-up Capital Rs. 6,50,000

We invite you to join our COUNTRYWIDE ORGANISATION
 Please contact:— S. N. ASHAE,
 Managing Director,
 Dhan-Nur, Sir P. M. Road, Fort,
 BOMBAY.

"I SAY WITH MUCH PLEASURE".....
 For the last few years my daughter's hair was falling in considerable quantity without any cause and to stop that I tried many medicated hair oils but to no purpose. Then one of my friends advised me to use "Ramirthi Brahmi Oil" (Special No. 1) prepared by Ramirthi Yoganathan, Bombay.
 I used this oil not only did my daughter's hair stop falling but they began to grow profusely again. As for the dandruff, sleeplessness and loss of memory I found this oil very effective. I recommend this oil strongly to those who are losing their hair.
 Dr. K. U. JAYARAMAO,
 Assistant Civil Surgeon, Mangalore.

PAKISTAN SHOOT DEAD 150 KASHMIR REFUGEES

Thirty Two Injured

Pathan State Takes Shape?

KARUL, Oct. 31 (PTI-Reuters): The Afghanistan official news agency, "Bakhtar", said today that a "National assembly of Pushtunistan"—disputed frontier area between Pakistan and Afghanistan—held its first session on October 20.

A special committee was set up "to constitute the Provincial Government of Pushtunistan", the report added.
 (Pushtunistan, also known as Pakhtunistan, aims to unite all the mountainous country north-west of the Indian sub-continent inhabited by the Pushtun-speaking martial Pathan tribes, according to recent Afghan claims.)

NEHRU, THE HISTORIAN

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31, (PTI): Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru impressed Americans today by his detailed knowledge of American history. He gave an example of this during the week-end at the exclusive Greenbrier Hotel at White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia.

When told that the Greenbrier Estate at White Sulphur Springs was built by a "white man", the Prime Minister is reported to have asked whether that section of the country was not the "fringe" area between the northern and southern armies.

When a hotel spokesman pointed out to the Prime Minister the cottage was formerly owned by "Wade Hampton" Pandit Nehru inquired if Hampton was the Governor who figures in the famous remarks: "What did the Governor of North Carolina say to the Governor of South Carolina?" The Prime Minister was assured that Hampton was the man in the story.

SOVIET NERVE WAR AGAINST FINLAND

HELSINKI, Oct. 31 (UPI)—What may be the start of a new "nerve war" in the north, between Finland and Russia, is contained in an article in "Pravda", the Moscow daily, which declared that "the Finnish Government is violating the terms of the peace treaty."

Finland is accused of "restoring fascist organisations" and of economic co-operation with Britain and America, which "leads to undermining friendly relations with the Soviet Union."

R. S. S. ENTRY WILL BE SUICIDAL

Delhi Congress Committee's Warning To The Executive

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31 (PTI). The Delhi Provincial Congress Committee passed a resolution urging the Congress Working Committee to revise its decision regarding admission of members of R.S.S. into the Congress.

The resolution stated that to open the doors of the Congress to the R.S.S. would promote communal fascism and thereby prove suicidal to the Congress organisation and its fundamental principles and objectives.

"The day to day activities of the R.S.S.", the resolution added, "are proof of the fact that it remains for ever an advocate of communal fascism which is the very negation of the fundamental objective of the Congress and the nation, namely, establishment of a secular democracy."

The DPCCC requested the Congress Working Committee to call a meeting immediately of the AICC to amend the Congress Constitution, in case it felt any provision of the Constitution stood in the way of placing the R.S.S. or other similar organisation on the banned list of the Congress.

ASSAULT ON A GIRL ENRAGES THE CAMP

Tribesmen Kidnap 150 Inmates

Srinagar Oct 31 (UPI) ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY refugees were killed and 32 wounded as a result of the firing by the Pakistan guards on the inmates in Wah Refugee Camp in Campbellpore District in West Punjab on or about July 22, 1949, according to further details of the incident available now. The first official reports did not put out any casualty figures.

The Pakistan guards, it is stated, opened fire on the inmates of the Camp following an attack on the residence of the Camp Commandant by refugees who were enraged when a Pakistan Army Officer criminally assaulted the daughter of Ramzani of Poonch Town, who was one of the residents in the Camp.

There had been several similar incidents when young women who had gone to obtain their cloth ration had been and Pakistan troops. The refugees complained that free cloth was distributed only to girls and other young women and not to other residents. The resulting discontent and indignation incited the residents to a desperate attack on the Commandant of the Camp.

It is also known that tribesmen took away about 150 young girls from the camp.

The camp houses mainly Muslim refugees from Kashmir. The refugees are now reported to be anxious to return to their homes in Kashmir.

ELEVEN SHOT IN RUMANIA

BUCHAREST, Oct. 31 (PTI-Reuters): Eleven persons found guilty by a Rumanian military court at Sibiu of attempts at "armed rebellion" were shot early this morning.

Sibiu is about 140 miles north-west of Bucharest.

Appeals against the death sentences, pronounced on October 25, were rejected.

Britain To Withdraw Troops From Greece

LONDON, Oct. 31 (PTI-Reuters)—Britain will withdraw her troops from Greece in the near future, it officially announced in Parliament today.

IT'S GETTING WARMER!

NEW YORK, Oct. 31 (UPI). "The earth is getting warmer," Dr. Urey, the Nobel Prize winner, said at a meeting of the U.S. National Academy of Sciences at Rochester, New York.
 Dr. Urey, an atomic scientist at the University of Chicago, said the earth started as a cold planet and gradually over millions of years it has warmed up. If this warming-up continued, new mountain ranges might form on the surface of the earth, he said.

SUGAR SYNDICATE BLAMED

KANPUR, Oct. 31 (PTI)—Enquiry into the continuance of protection to the sugar industry beyond March 31, 1950, and the working of the Indian Sugar Syndicate was started today by Mr. G. L. Mehta, President, and Dr. H. L. Dey, Member of the Indian Tariff Board.

Mr. G. L. Mehta and Dr. H. L. Dey, who arrived here yesterday, met the representatives of the Kanpur Sugar Merchants Association and the Kanpur Sugar Brokers Association in the Indian Institute of Sugar Technology today and discussed with them various issues arising out of their complaint against the Indian Sugar Syndicate.

The representatives of the Sugar Merchants Association expressed general dissatisfaction at the working of the Sugar Syndicate especially in the matter of release of quantity. They were generally in favour of the withdrawal of recognition of the Syndicate but on the question of an alternative central selling agency some were of the opinion that there was no need for any such body because free competitive internal trading would be in the best interest of consumers.

Others who favoured the constitution of a central selling agency desired that all the interests concerned in the industry, mainly cane-growers, sugar producers, merchants and consumers and also government representatives should find a place in such a body.

ARTIFICIAL

The sugar merchants stated that nearly forty to fifty thousand units of sugar had been smuggled into Pakistan and that the carry over of sugar from last year was actually not more than 1.2 to 1.5 lakh tons. The merchants also stated that the Syndicate had created an artificial scarcity, first by oversupplying then by withholding supplies.

Discussing the question of protection to the industry the representatives of the Sugar Merchants Association generally felt that the industry had been enjoying protection for 17 years which together with the present ban on imports of sugar left little chance for initiative on the part of the sugar manufacturers to reduce their cost of production and improve the quality of sugar. They were of the opinion that import should be allowed and the import duty gradually reduced in a period of three years.

The Tariff Board will meet the representatives of the Indian Sugar Syndicate tomorrow.

WINTER CONDITIONS SETTING IN BOMBAY

Minimum Temperature Falls By 3 Degrees

BOMBAY, Monday. Winter conditions are setting in the Bombay Province, Saurashtra and Cutch, where night temperatures have been falling for the past two days, according to a bulletin issued by Colaba Observatory tonight.
 Bombay's temperature has been going low and the minimum temperature recorded this morning at Colaba was 75 degrees, showing a fall of three degrees in the past 24 hours.
 Temperatures are expected to rise in Bombay City and Suburbs in the next two days.

Planning India's Prosperity



Wearing safety goggles Prime Minister Pandit Nehru tours the International Harvester Company Plant in Chicago. He pauses during his tour to shake hands with Machinist Frank De An gella.

FUTILE TO OPPOSE PROHIBITION

Kher Tells Agitators "The Game Is Up"

BOMBAY, Monday. THERE have been no exemptions or relaxations in respect of the application of Prohibition to any particular class or category of people, said the four members of the Prohibition Act. Whatever exemptions and concessions can be given under Prohibition, can only be in terms of what is provided in the Act itself, observed Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, in an interview today in which he discussed the promising crop position in the Province and various other topics of public interest.

He emphatically contradicted a report which appeared in a commercial magazine that, there was a cabinet crisis and some ministerial resignations were impending.

Mr. Kher stated categorically that the Prohibition Policy of the Government would stand "in toto" and that it was as futile on the part of particular group interests to oppose Prohibition as it was "dash one's head against stone walls."

THE GAME WAS UP He humorously remarked that those newspapers which had set their face against Prohibition due to "narrow interests", should now realise that "the game was up", as there was no chance of any modification of Government's Prohibition Policy. He advised them jocularly, "to turn their energies to the question of a revision of the Advertisement Tax instead."

Asked by our reporter, whether this meant that there was some likelihood of the Tax being repealed if there was more agitation, the Premier said "None". He added that this issue was not as bad as Prohibition.

As days pass, said the Premier, drinking would be stopped totally in the whole of India, as a clause regarding Prohibition had been written into the draft constitution of India itself. In the Province itself, the sentiments of the people were overwhelmingly in favour of Prohibition, and criticism of the Prohibition Policy came mostly from one or two communities and certain newspapers, with their own particular interests. The Provincial Legislature, which represented the voice of the people, was unanimous on the issue.

QUESTION OF VALUES Answering the criticism about loss of revenue due to Prohibition, the Premier said: "It is all a question of values. You may pick your revenues from poison, but no State with the (Continued on Page 7)

Sardar Pleads For Patience

CALL FOR 'ALLROUND PRODUCTION DRIVE

"Do Not Put Barricades Against Each Other"

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31 (PTI). SARDAR VALLABHBHAI PATEL said here today that until India was strong enough and until vigorous and healthy blood began to flow in her veins, "we should not put up barricades against each other."

Sardar Patel who was speaking at the reception given in his honour by the Delhi Provincial Congress Committee on the occasion of his birthday, added there was no cause for nervousness or trepidation. "We have only to approach our problems in the right spirit, and with a proper frame of mind."

Earlier in the day, the Governor-General, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, chiefs of diplomatic missions in Delhi, Provincial Governors and Premiers of the various Provinces and State Unions, rulers, chiefs of various Provincial Congress Committees and a large number of his friends sent messages of greetings to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel on the occasion of his 74th birthday today.

The Governor-General in a personal letter which he sent through his Military Secretary Col. E. Chatterjee to Sardar Patel said: "Your health and every year of your life belong to an eager and affectionate people. God bless you!"

Sir Archibald Nye, High Commissioner for the United Kingdom, conveying his greetings to Sardar Patel said: "I have watched with admiration the wonderful work you have done during the past two years and the realism and courage with which you have approached your manifold problems. It is only natural that you should have won such universal confidence."

Congratulatory messages were also received from the Italian Charge d'Affaires, the Swiss Minister, Consul General for Saudi Arabia, the Iranian Ambassador, the High Commissioner for Ceylon and the three service chiefs of India's defence forces.

In his speech at the reception Sardar Patel referred to the visit of Pandit Nehru to the United States, and said: "My only task is to strengthen the hands of our leader who is now carrying the country's burden in foreign countries." I shall do so as long as there is breath in me and I have the energy. He is enhancing our prestige in foreign lands with all his might."

Sardar Patel appealed to the people to meet the problems facing the country in a co-operative spirit and work hard to produce more. He said the motto should be produce more, spend less and waste nothing.

"But, you will have to walk on your hands and feet. You will have to tread farly, as though you are walking over the edge of a sword. Any false step, and you will get involved in disaster. After all, little remains for me."

"RIPE OLD AGE"

"Seventyfour years is a long period and a ripe old age for a man in India. When your feelings and sentiments are so strong and your wishes so insistent, I am encouraged to live, but I shall pray that I prove worthy of your love, trust and confidence."

"My only task is to strengthen the hands of our leader who is now carrying the country's burden in foreign countries. I shall do so as long as there is breath in me and I have the energy. He is enhancing our prestige in foreign lands with all his might."

"Our prestige is high because of Gandhiji's life and death. The way he lived extorted the admiration of the whole world, but the way he died

Sacrifice And Go Forward

"I am very sorry that I do not have the energy left in me now to meet everybody and go about the country. Some day, I shall be able to do so. There was a time when I saw a hundred men early in the morning during my walks, but now my energies are limited and so is my time. Nobody should take it all. I cannot satisfy everybody's demands."

"I am not one of those who live in purdah. Whatever limited energy I have is at your disposal. Whatever I do, wherever I am, you can rest assured that I am labouring only for you all and for the cause of the country."

"My only appeal to you is that whatever little I say, you should try to understand and act upon it. I tell you quite plainly that if we do not sacrifice and go forward together, we shall not be able to rehabilitate ourselves."

awakened the world to his real worth and merit.

"Now, our leader is working day and night to maintain our honour and our good name abroad."

"But in the last analysis, our honour and prestige can be maintained only if our own house is in order. If we have no honour or prestige in our own country, how can we secure it outside? We have many amongst us who do not spare us in criticism or in calumny. Some of them say 'that under British rule, we were better off. It is our misfortune that we have amongst us such persons."

NEW LIFE

"If such feelings rule our hearts and minds, it only means that slavery was better. We have got to remember that under the crushing burden of slavery of centuries, we hardly had any breathing space. "By our independence, we have, as it were, infused new life into a dead body. We have yet to learn to walk, and if we start running, a fall is inevitable."

"Do not think that we are unmindful of the country's ill. If we were, we would have been men of straw as Mr. Churchill once called us. But now Mr. Churchill has been disillusioned. We should not forget that the whole world is full of sorrows and troubles. We ourselves do not enjoy economic freedom. It is, therefore, not in our hands alone to get out of the economic morass in which we are bogged. To get out of our troubles is, therefore no joke."

"Devaluation itself has brought us face to face with untold difficulties. How can a poor labourer or a village appreciative those difficulties? But people are misleading them, and laying all the sins at our doors."

"There is, however, no cause for nervousness or trepidation. We have (Continued on Page 7)



Two hundred men, women and children who were abducted by the raiders from Kashmir during their first attack on the valley in November, 47 and who were on hunger-strike, in Pakistan, since last week, demanding their early removal to India arrived at the Wagha border. Picture (left) shows the refugees coming out of the lorries and (right) sick persons on stretchers being put in the Ambulance Car.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2. ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax
@ one anna per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8/-

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted an Executive expert in organising sales of electrical products including radios. Candidates who are at least graduates and have worked for at least ten years as sales executives of electrical goods and radios and organised their sales on country-wide basis should apply to Box No. C/O. 6180 stating age, qualifications and minimum terms acceptable.

Applications stating age, qualifications and experience with special attainments, if any, are invited by the Officer-in-Charge, Central Glass and Ceramic Research Institute, Calcutta-32 on or before 14th November, 49 for the following post under the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research. The post is temporary with prospects of continuance. One post of Stenographer in the scale of Rs. 160-10-300. Candidates must possess a speed of 120 words per minute in shorthand and 40 words per minute in type-writing. Preference will be given to graduates having good experience. The above post carries usual allowances admissible under rules which are subject to modifications according to the orders of the Government of India issued from time to time. Candidates may be required to appear for interview and test at Calcutta. The word application should be written on the body of the cover. (6120)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Homeopathy easily learnt. Best post-graduate training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission, Mavelikara, Travancore.

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale Sewing-Machines, Vono-Spring Mattress, H. M. V. Gramophone Saher, Chinoy Mansion's entrance, Warden Road. (1304)

PUBLIC NOTICES

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE TATA INSTITUTE of Fundamental Research has shifted from its premises at Kenilworth, 53, Pedder Road, Bombay 26, to its new premises (formerly occupied by the Royal Bombay Yacht Club) at Apollo Pier Road, Bombay 1. The new telephone numbers of the Institute are 35058 and 35059. (6175)

FOR SALE

S. S. 'WARINA', lying in stream will be available for inspection from Monday, the 14th November, 1949, by prospective purchasers on application to Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., Ballard Estate, Bombay. (6138)

UNITED STATE OF SAURASHTRA

OFFICE OF THE OFFICER ON SPECIAL DUTY DISPOSALS. TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of part or whole lot of Wines and Liquors shown below from the Government Stores located at Jamnagar.

1. Brandy	19,992 Bottles.
2. Gin	123,883 Bottles.
3. Vermouth	20,820 Bottles.
4. Red Wine	83,940 Bottles.
5. Claret	4,284 Bottles.
6. Brandy	10,040 Bottles.
7. White Wine	65,458 Bottles.
8. Bitters	7,992 Bottles.
9. Sherry	33,540 Bottles.
10. Liqueurs	19,610 Bottles.

Tenders should reach this office not later than 15th November 1949 before office hours.

Tenders should be accompanied by a deposit equal to 25% of the total price offered.

Tender Forms giving details and terms and conditions of sale with permit to view at site can be obtained from the Officer on Special Duty, Disposals, Jamnagar.

Sd/- H. L. DHOLAKIA,
Officer On Special Duty Disposals.

JAMNAGAR.
17th October 1949 (6163)

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS
THE GENERAL MANAGER, G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of Baskets cane stiffened with hoop iron large required for the period 1-2-1950 to 31-1-51. Tender form obtainable from the Controller of Stores, G. I. P. Railway, Gopstere Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, at Rs. 2/- per copy, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date, Tuesday, 22nd November, 1949, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) 6126

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING.

PUBLIC NOTICE

ALTERATION OF SUBURBAN ROUTES "C" AND "D"

WE HAVE PLEASURE in announcing that on and from 3rd instant, the present Suburban "C" and "D" Routes which run from Bandra Railway Station to Band Stand and Bandra Railway Station to Perry Road respectively will run as follows:—

ROUTE "C"—
Palli Hill to Band Stand via Bandra Railway Station.
ROUTE "D"—
Perry Road (Mala) to Hill Road via Bandra Railway Station.

HEADWAY:—
Every 10 minutes on both routes.

The first and last bus times are shown below:—

ROUTE "C"	FIRST	LAST
Palli Hill to Band Stand	6.15	21.45
Palli Hill to Bandra Rly. Station	6.15	22.05
Band Stand to Palli Hill	6.35	21.45
Band Stand to Bandra Rly. Station	6.35	22.05

ROUTE "D"	FIRST	LAST
Perry Road to Hill Road	6.15	21.45
Perry Road to Bandra Rly. Station	6.15	22.05
Hill Road to Perry Road	6.15	21.45
Hill Road to Bandra Rly. Station	6.15	22.05

N. B.—These services will operate throughout the week.

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager.

(6185)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE

PURSUANT to Sub-Section (2)

of Section 21B of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended

upto-date. Notice is hereby

given that the Supply of Lists

containing the names of the

claimants who appear to be

entitled to be enrolled as voters have

been published in every Municipal

Office as required by the said Section

21B. Copies of the consolidated

lists for all wards may be obtained

on payment of a fee of Rs. 8/- per

copy from the Election and Town

Duty Officer, C.I.T. Building (Top

Floor) Napier Road, Fort, on work-

ing days between 10 A.M. and 4

P.M. (B.T.) and on Saturdays be-

tween 10 A.M. and 1 P.M. (B.T.).

Within three days from the date

of publication of the said list, any

person whose name is on the

Municipal Election Roll or in the

said list may give notice in writing

to the Commissioner objecting to

the retention of the name of any

person on the said list on the

ground that such person is not

entitled to be enrolled as a voter,

and shall also in such case give

notice in writing of the objection and the

nature thereof.

B. K. PATEL,

Municipal Commissioner.

for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,

Bombay, 17th October 1949.

(6170)

NOTICE.

INVITATIONS for tenders for

excavation of Tail Race and con-

struction of Banks of Power Chan-

nel of Pathri Power Station Pro-

ject are now ready. The site of

works is located near Bahadurabad

in District Saharanpur within a

mile from Roorkee.—Hardwar

Road. Approximate quantities of

the items of work involved are:

Quantity in

lakhs

of Cu. Ft.

Excavation Dry.

Excavation Wet

R. L. 886.00

36

Contractors experienced in con-

struction of similar work, who

would like to tender, may please

obtain the tender forms, specifi-

cations etc. from the undersigned.

The tender will be supplied by

V.P.P. @ a cost of Rs. 10/- per set.

Last date for submission of ten-

ders is 15th November 1949.

S. K. JAIN,

Executive Engineer,

Design Organisation

of Yamuna Construction

Circle, MORAD-

BAD.

(6168)

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE GENERAL MANAGER,

B.B. & C.I. Railway, Bombay, in-

vides tenders for the supply of

approximately 157 tons of finish-

ed timber such as Door Pillars,

Luggage Door Pillars, Door Posts,

Dado Boards, Floor Boards etc.

to samples, returnable to the

Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I.

Railway, Mahalaxmi, Bombay 11

by 11-30 A. M. (S.T.) on 25th

November 1949.

Tender form can be had from

the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I.

Rly., Jacob Circle, Mahalaxmi,

Bombay 11, on payment of Rs. 5/-

per set, which amount will not be

refundable. Firms not on the ap-

proved list of Tenderers of this

Railway should give their Bank

reference. Working hours of the

Office, 9.00 a.m. to 5.00 p.m. of

each day. Closing date, Tuesday,

22nd November, 1949, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

6126

G. I. P. RAILWAY

BOOKING OF PARCELS FROM

WADI BANDAR

IT IS NOTIFIED for the infor-

mation of the public that the re-

laxation of maximum weight limits

of 2 maunds per package booked

as parcel from Wadi Bandar Parcel

Station to 5 maunds in through

booking with B.N. E.I. and N.S.

Railways will apply in through

booking with M.S.M. Railway also

from November 15, 1949.

(6169)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

BY ORDER of the Municipal

Commissioner the Special Engineer

invites sealed tenders for the con-

struction of a Swimming Pool at

Shivaji Park, Mahim.

Tenders should be enclosed in a

sealed envelope addressed to the

Municipal Commissioner, super-

scribed "Tenders for construction

of a swimming pool at Shivaji

Park, Mahim" and delivered at the

Municipal Chief Accountant's

Office on Friday, the 18th Novem-

ber, 1949, not later than 1 P.M.

(B.T.).

Forms of tenders, specifications

etc. will be available at the Office

of the Architect, Greater Bombay,

Bombay Municipality, Kamani

Chambers, top floor, Nicol Road,

Ballard Estate, Bombay 1, on pay-

ment of Rs. 10/- per copy, not re-

fundable. Forms will not be sent

by post.

The Municipal Commissioner

does not bind himself to accept

the lowest or any tender.

Bombay, 31st October, 1949.

(6187)

THE CINE INDUSTRIES & RECORDING CO., LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

that the TWELFTH ORDINARY

GENERAL MEETING of the

Shareholders of the Cine Indus-

tries & Recording Co., Ltd., will

be held on FRIDAY, the 11th

November, 1949, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

at the registered office of the

Company at 51, Stock Exchange

Building, Apollo Street, Fort,

Bombay to transact the follow-

ing business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Dir-

ectors' Report and Audited

Balance Sheet for the year

ending 31st March 1949.

2. To elect a Director in the place

of Mr. K. P. Valia who re-

ires by rotation but is eligible

and offers himself for re-elec-

tion.

3. To appoint Auditors for the

current year and fix their

remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the

Company will be CLOSED from

27th October, 1949 to 11th Novem-

ber, 1949.

Dated this 24th September,

1949.

By order of the Board,

K. R. GANERIWALA,

Director in Charge

(1303)

WANTED OVERSEERS AND SURVEYORS.

IMMEDIATELY for construction

of Major Irrigation Projects in

Gujarat. Applicants must be

qualified either as graduates in

engineering or must have obtain-

ed Diploma in Engineering from

ANIL BISWAS
EXCELS HIMSELF
as a MASTER OF MUSIC
in VARIETY Pictures

LADLI

SULOCHANA Chatterjee,
Jalraj, David, Randhir, Kuldeep,
Ramesh Sinha and Sulochana Sr.

From THURS. 3RD

NEW WEST END

3, 6-15, 9-30. Sun. Hol. 11-45.

Booking 10 to 12, & 4 to 6.

Next Change
BROADWAY

From SAT. 5TH

CENTRAL
Ahmedabad.

5th WEEK
SOREB MODI'S UNIQUE

NARSINGH AVATAR

CENTRAL

3-30, 6-30, 9-30,
Sun. Hol. Mats. 12-30
Plans open 10 to 12 & 4 to 6

From Nov. 3 to Nov. 10

DARPANA
presents
MRINALINI SARABHAI

with Chhatunni Panikar
And Her Company
In a Programme of

BHARAT NATYAM
and
CLASSICAL DANCE
DRAMAS

AT
THE EXCELSIOR

GALA PERFORMANCE UNDER THE
DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
H. E. RAJA SIR MAHARAJ SINGH

AT 9-30 P.M. ON THURSDAY, NOV. 3.

Rates: Rs. 12/4, 8/8, 5/4, 3/12 and Rs. 2.

Plans open at the Theatre

**THE ANSWER TO
THAT Cough!**



NOW IN A NEW PACK

MAY & BAKER

MAY & BAKER (INDIA) LTD. BOMBAY CALCUTTA MADRAS LUCKNOW

E. Punjab Ministerial Tangle To Be Taken To Nehru

PLEA FOR DISSOLUTION OF ASSEMBLY AND FRESH ELECTIONS

LUDHIANA, Oct. 31 (PTI): Over 200 Congressmen of East Punjab, meeting here today, decided to present a memorandum to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru on his return to India from U. S. A., detailing the "circumstances leading to the dislodging of the Sachar Ministry."

A deputation, consisting of Dr. Satya Pal, Pandit Shri Ram Sharma, Sardar Samrath Singh Bahhalla, Shri Nand Lal, Lala Kedar Nath Sehgal, Shri Abdul Ghafoor Khan and Shri-mati Sita Devi, will see Pandit Nehru in this connection.

The meeting expressed appreciation of Mr. Sachar's efforts to root out corruption, red tape, black market, inefficiency and other evils in administration and the betterment of the lot of tenants.

SACHAR WAS BETTER

A resolution on the subject stated that the Congress cause would have been much better served if the Ministry of Shri Sachar had not been upset. It added that "in view of the serious allegations of dishonesty, corruption and malpractices against several ministers of Dr. Bhargava Ministry, some members of Shri Sachar's composite Cabinet and some members of the East Punjab Assembly, a judicial enquiry by highly-placed judges should be held against these ministers and M.L.A.s."

The meeting urged that the East Punjab Assembly be dissolved and fresh elections held. During the interim period it was suggested that the provincial administration be taken over by the Central Government.



This is what Raymond's are doing best. Their tireless looms are working day and night to provide you with woollen fabrics that are unbeatable value. They combine strength, fineness of weave and durability.

THE RAYMOND WOOLLEN MILLS LTD., BOMBAY.

LAST DAY TOMORROW!

MUNSHI PREMCHAND'S
CLASSIC!
with a talented cast

"RANGBHOOMI"

EXCELSIOR

3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Plans Open 9-30 to 1, 2-30 to 7
A. W. I. TH. LTD. Release

CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Kartik Shud 11, 2006
Muslim: Moharrum 9, 1369
Parsi: Ardibehesht 30, 1318
Sunrise 6-39 a.m., Sunset 6-6 p.m.
Hightide 09-18, 21-56, Lowtide 03-00, 15-50

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: The November monthly meeting of the Improvement Committee will be held on November 8 at 3 p.m. and not today.

ROTARY CLUB Rotarian V. F. Noel-Paton will speak on 'concrete instances' at Green's Hotel at 1-45 p.m.
GHATA SOCIETY, Mr. Dasturji Bode will speak at Cama Institute, Apollo Street at 6 p.m.

TAGORE SOCIETY Dr. Kalidas Nag will speak on World Pacifist Meeting to be held at Shantiniketan in December at Royal Asiatic Society Hall at 6 p.m.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE: An urgent meeting will be held today at 6-30 p.m. at the Congress House.

Marosa Dispute For Adjudication

BOMBAY, Monday. The industrial dispute between the Marosa and Company, Bombay, and its workers has been referred for adjudication to the Industrial Tribunal of Mr. M. C. Shah.

TODAY'S RADIO

BOMBAY-A
244 m (1231 kc/s) 31.41 m (9550 kc/s): 7-30 a.m. G. D. MEHENDALAE Composition of Sant Namdeo 7-40 A. J. Karyakram 7-45 Vinod Kumar Bhajan 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Hemangini Divitela Bhajan 8-45 News (G) 244 m (1231 kc/s) 41.44 m (7240 kc/s): 12-45 Sarang Rang 12-50 Hemangini Divitela 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Boston Sym Orchestra 2-30 Mexican Rhapody Play by N. B. C. Sym. 244 m (1231 kc/s) 31.41 m (9550 kc/s) from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m. 41.44 m (7240 kc/s) from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.: 5-0 P. V. Godbole Bhimpalas 5-15 Kamalabai Barodekar (M. stage songs) 5-30 As in Bombay B 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Yeshwantrao Purohit (Purvi) 7-0 Topic of Day 7-10 Local 7-15 Thumri Khamach Chhab dikhalo 7-20 Dattatram Karyakram 7-40 7-45 Kamgar Sabha 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay B 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay (E) 10-0 Something in Air by Adi Marzban 10-30 Music of Theatre.

BOMBAY-B
353 m (850 kc/s) 41.44 m (7240 kc/s): 7-30 As in Bombay A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Yeshwantrao Purohit (Raman Bilawal) 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Dattatram Parvatkar (Sarang) 353 m (850 kc/s) 31.41 m (9550 kc/s): 12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 Vinod Kumar (Geeto) 1-10 Gujarati Geeto 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Variety programme (G) 353 m (850 kc/s) 41.44 m (7240 kc/s) from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m. 61.48 m (4840 kc/s) from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.: 5-0 As in Bombay A 5-30 Jantar Mantar 6-0 P. V. Godbole 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (K) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 G. D. Mehendalae (Purvi) 8-30 Apranasa Narayan Vasantanchi Pnar vashat (M) 9-45 Hemangini Divitela (Bhajan) 9-10 Kamalabai Barodekar (Bhajan) 9-15 G. D. Mehendalae (Abhang) 9-30 Swar Mudrika 9-45 This Business of Love (India) 10-0 Brains Trust 10-30 Yeshwantrao Purohit (Abhogi).

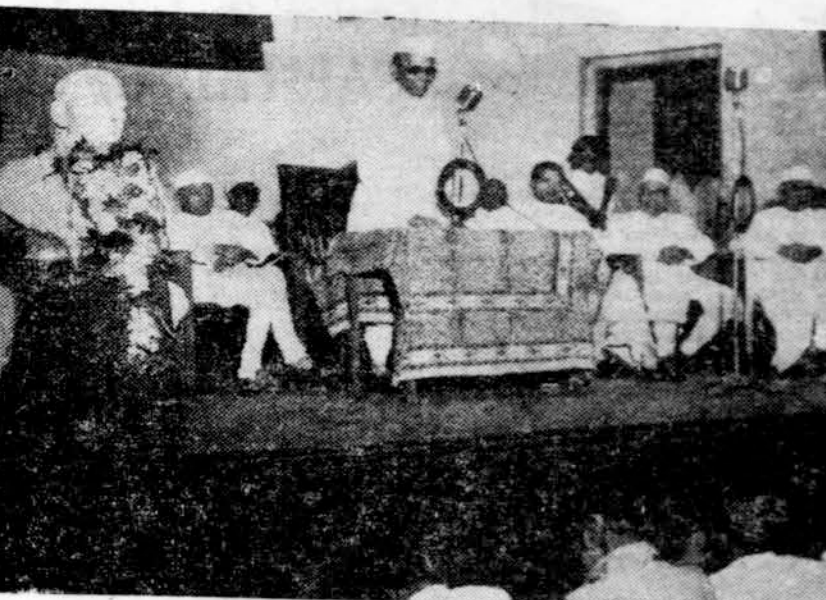
BARODA
250 m (1200 kc/s): 7-30 Rag Komal Desai (Violin) by V. R. Pokar, 7-40 Vyayam Shikshan (Physical Jerks) 7-45 As in Ahmedabad 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Sangeet Shikshan 8-30 Geet Gunjan 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. Songs From Screen 6-0 News (E) 6-10 Kanchanalal J. Shah 6-20 Tapubhai M. Mistry (Prachin-Bhajan) 6-30 Gram-jano Mate. 7-0 Mishra Geeto 7-15 Kanchanalal J. Shah (Violin) 7-30 Taslim Khan Razaq Hussain Geet 7-45 Topical Talk (G) 8-0 Geet Gunjari 8-10 Local 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Ahmedabad 9-0 News (E) 9-15 As in Ahmedabad 9-45 Vadya Zankar

AHMEDABAD
326.1 (920 kc/s): 7-30 Vadya Zankar 7-40 Physical Jerks from Baroda 7-45 Desai Anand Bhairavi by Leela Khandekar 8-0 News (E) 8-15 As in Baroda 8-30 Chiman Tapodhan (Geeto) 8-45 News (G) 5-30 p.m. As in Baroda 6-0 News (E) 6-10 As in Baroda 6-30 Major Bhaso Mate 7-0 Chiman Tapodhan (Geeto) 7-15 As in Baroda 7-30 Madhur Geeto 7-45 As in Baroda 8-0 Tabla Par Zapal Prastar (Rambhao More) 8-10 Local 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Leela Khandekar 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Mangal Murti Musical feature by Prabodh Desai.

BROADCAST ON REHABILITATION

At 8-30 p.m. today (November 1) Major-General J. K. Bhonsale, Director of Rehabilitation will broadcast a talk in Marathi from All-India Radio, Bombay, on "Rehabilitation of Displaced Persons".

CELEBRATING SARDAR'S BIRTHDAY



Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier of Bombay addressing a public meeting held at Sunderbail Hall to celebrate Sardar Patel's birthday.

SARDAR WILL STRIVE FOR A STRONG INDIA

Mr. S. K. Patil's Tribute At B. P. C. C. Function

BOMBAY, Monday. At a flag-hoisting ceremony on the 74th birthday of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the B.P.C.C., said that Sardar Patel had been described as "an iron man". But few people realised that the Sardar was a very kind-hearted and lovable person, with a fund of affection for his followers and co-workers.

He hoped that Sardar Patel would help to create a strong India, that no enemy would dare look at the country with aggressive eyes.

Mr. Patil paid a tribute to the far-reaching statesmanship and tact of Sardar Patel, as evidence in the settlement of the Hyderabad dispute as well as in the manner in which he had dealt with the different Native States of India.

It is learnt that there are no proper data for fixing the birthday of the Sardar, except a school Leaving Certificate in which the Sardar's family did not keep his birth certificate. According to this certificate the Sardar's birthday falls on October 31. But the makers of the Jannabhum Almanac regard that the Sardar was born on October 7, for the conjunction of the planets at the later date, points to the greatness of Sardar Patel. The day's observances will be rounded off with public meeting at Sunderbail Hall.

SARDAR'S LEADERSHIP INDISPENSABLE NOW

City's Tribute To The Iron Man

BOMBAY, Monday. The Sunderbail Hall was crowded to capacity this evening when representatives of all communities from all walks of life, and the leading lights of the city, including members of the Bombay Ministry foregathered to pay their tributes to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Iron Man of India, on the occasion of his 74th birthday.

Premier B. G. Kher described the Sardar as an ardent disciple of Gandhiji, who had unflinchingly taken the path shown by the Father of the Nation. The Sardar's sincerity of purpose and his steadfastness of action, his ability to take quick decisions, and secure an immediate grasp of situations made his leadership indispensable to the country.

Continuing Mr. Kher stated that Sardar Patel's widely known iron will was of great value today as in the days of the nationalist struggle. Giving a brief biographical resume of the Sardar's life, the Premier added that after the achievement of independence, there had been two critical periods in the Sardar's life. The first was the forced landing of the plane in which the Sardar was travelling, and the second his serious illness. The entire country had become anxious about his health. This proved the depth of the people's love for their leader.

SUCCESSFUL WEAPON

Mr. Kher expressed the opinion that only the Sardar could steer the country clear of the crisis through which it was passing. He had sacrificed everything in the cause of freedom during the struggle against alien rule. Gandhiji had followed his own philosophy in his mode of living and in his dealings with those around him. The Sardar had adhered to the philosophy of Gandhiji, and had made of Satyagraha a successful weapon in the cause of right. He was the best example of Gandhian rectitude.

In the Bardoli Satyagraha of 1928 the followers of the Sardar had evinced outstanding discipline and allegiance. Sardar Patel had guided the masses in the past and his leadership would serve the country in the future, concluded Mr. Kher.

"In the interests of millions of people and in the interests of efficient administration of the country, we should continue his active association with the affairs of the country for the next five years at least," said Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay in the course of his address.

In a message, His Excellency Sir Maharaj Singh, Governor of Bombay, said: "I pray for long life and your vigorous leadership." Commending the interest taken by the Sardar in the cause of all communities, His Lordship, the Right Reverend Valerian Gracias, Bishop Auxiliary of Bombay, said: "He has shown himself to be a stout defender of the minorities, both in his utterances and his actions."

Shops Act To Be Applied To Juhu

BOMBAY, Monday. All the provisions of the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act, 1948, will be brought into force in the Juhu Municipal area, from November 15, 1949.

DEMAND FOR SEPARATE SIKH PROVINCE

Tara Singh's Address At U. P. Conference

AGRA, Oct. 31 (PTI).—Master Tara Singh, the Akali leader, demanded here the creation of a separate Sikh province "where Sikhs would be free culturally and religiously."

He was addressing the third session of the United Provinces Sikh Conference which opened here yesterday. Sardar Prithi Singh Gajra, anti-Sikh, neither anti-Hindu nor anti-Muslim. Before partition some high ranking officer had approached him and proposed that he should join hands with the Muslims and rule the whole of India. He refused. Again during the partition disturbances, the Muslim sought his alliance. They were also disappointed.

Regarding the creation of a Sikh province, Master Tara Singh said: "I have been compelled to make this demand because a section of the Punjab."

Master Tara Singh said he was not a separatist. He demanded a separate province but the press made it appear that I wanted a Sikh State. My views are thus generally misrepresented. He thought India's present claim to secularism was unjustified. He supported the idea of a secular state but said such a state should be "really secular and not in name only."

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The Pulse Of The City

NIP: There's a delicious crisp little nip in the Bombay air just now, indicating the first brave step of the cold season. Monday's maximum temperature was 89 degrees F., minimum 71. **INCENDIARY:** In the early hours of Monday morning, some men broke into an Ardeshar Dady Street, Kaiba-devi, laundry, collected Rs. 6,000 worth of other people's apparel, and later made an attempt to burn all cities by burning down the laundry. But their effort failed, as the smoke coming out of the laundry was seen by neighbours, who summoned the fire brigade. The fire was conquered. When the Kohinoor Laundry proprietor later opened the shop to inspect the fire damage, he discovered that a lot of clothes were missing. Five employees of the laundry have been arrested by the Princess Street Police on suspicion.

RAID: Crime Branch II arrested last Saturday three partners of a hotel in Byculla and a servant on a charge of non-declaration of sugar. Total sugar recovered after search from Kamal Nivas Hindu Hotel, Kad-wani Chambers, Love Lane, was eight maunds and 27 pounds. Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate at Magsagon, allowed them bail.

PICKPOCKET: At V. T. Monday morning, a little boy was noticed by a passenger to be making off in great haste, with a bulging wad of notes. A hue and cry was raised, and the boy was caught. Almost at once, one of the passengers noticed that he was lighter by Rs. 3,200. The pieces fitted in, and the police were informed. It is believed that the pickpocketing boy is under the employ of a local Pagan.

THEFT CHARGE: Pushpa Jaysingh, a film star, is alleged to have stolen under the influence of alcohol a sari from an Akbar Road Street shop, Saturday. The star was granted bail Monday by the Esplanade Court.

ANGUISH-VICTIM: Sakibai Dhanal, 22, was picked up unconscious in front of her Chinchpokli house Friday and rushed to hospital. She sustained injuries to a leg, result of jumping out of the window in an attempt, it is believed, at committing suicide. Sakibai's relatives visiting her in the

J. J. Hospital were told by the young widow this tragic story. Her husband was ill for some time and it caused her great anxiety. She thought of ending her life on Thursday last, but gave up the idea as her husband was lingering between life and death. She feared, it is said, that news of her suicide would kill her husband, and so she postponed her jump. But he died on Friday, and within two minutes, the widow jumped. She is in a serious condition.

BURNT: Sejanabai Nazam, 17, was removed from the Dongri Children's Home to the J. J. Hospital Monday morning for treatment of burns. Her sari had caught fire from a sign while she was cooking.

DEAD: But worse still was the venom of the stove in two other cases. Sub-Inspector Vinayak Kulkarni's son, 8, tried to light a stove Sunday afternoon, while his mother was away, and his clothes caught fire. He died later in the K.E.M. Hospital. Death from burns followed swiftly for Rajulal Vishwanath, 15, whose sari caught fire from a stove Sunday.

ARRESTED: Three mill workers were arrested Sunday suspected of having attempted to murder a colleague. A policeman picked up the bleeding body of Shriam Dhanu on Arthur Road. The Agripada Police who made the arrests say that the suspects assaulted Shriam early Sunday morning when he was going home from night duty. One of them is alleged to have held the victim, while another plunged a knife into him. The three have been remanded in custody.

PICKPOCKET SCHOOL: A novel in Kamatipura was raided Sunday by the B.B. and C.I. Railway Police and Parvabai, 50, alleged to be an instructor of juvenile delinquents, was arrested. Shown property like spectacles, shoes, fountain pens and attache cases, collectively valued at Rs. 1,000, was seized, according to the police. It is believed that a gang is engaged in pickpocketing; 14 of them are still at large.

LORRY FURY: Out of a Girgaum cinema stepped a crowd. Jannadas Popatlal and another in it, down the road dashed a rashly driven lorry, knocking down these two, who were later hospitalized. The driver is being held.

ENDING IT ALL: Bank poon Gopal Shetty of the Bank of Baroda, Apollo Street, told the police Saturday. He had borrowed Rs. 25 from his colleagues, but could not return the money. So he decided to end it all last week, and consumed some camphor. But he didn't die. He regained consciousness after several days in hospital. He is still there.

AT KNIFE-POINT: The police received this complaint Sunday: Bechoo Kaman and Jaffer Kaman, brother, approached Mohammed Abdul who was sitting in a hotel, and at the point of a knife, relieved him of Rs. 40. The police are now hunting for the suspects.

TRUCK DID IT: A speeding motor truck knocked down Bhojrajma Jannadas, 50, near King's Circle, Friday. He died Sunday in hospital.

Lady OBJECTS to her HUSBAND

Being too 'Paternal-Crazy'!

The Lady in Question Is

'VARGHESE' at MAJESTIC!

She can be seen thrice

daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

& also at 12-30 on Sun. & holidays!

She Prefers to Meet Married Men and Women, accompanied by their Relatives and Friends!

She is "HUSBAND-CRAZY"

From next Sat. also at POONA—"CAPITOL".

DISPOSALS

TENDER NOTICE

"Tender No. DGD/UST/ALP/1"

Sealed Tenders are invited on prescribed form for 2½ ton G. M. C. & Studebaker Trucks lying at Alipore Air Strip Ground near New Mint, Behala, Calcutta.

Tender form containing available particulars of these vehicles, location, instructions to tenderer, opening date, conditions of sale and inspection permit can be obtained from Disposals offices at Calcutta/New Delhi/Bombay/Madras/Kanpur at Rs. 5/- per set in Cash or Money Order.

Tenders should be addressed to the Director, U. S. T. Directorate, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta, and should reach him by 4 P.M. on 14th November, 1949.

Office of the Director, U.S.T. Directorate, 6, Esplanade East, Calcutta.

A.C. 97



PROHIBITION

Two interesting facts regarding Prohibition have been made known during the week-end. Mr. L. M. Patel, Minister for Excise, once again indicated the categories of exemption under the Bombay Prohibition Act. There are five classes of persons who are exempted from the operation of the Act. These are: (1) those who are exempted from the operation of the Act; (2) those who are exempted from the operation of the Act; (3) those who are exempted from the operation of the Act; (4) those who are exempted from the operation of the Act; (5) those who are exempted from the operation of the Act.

There is no doubt that the concessions and the permits have been made into the totality of Prohibition. But it must also be conceded that there are very few concessions in the forefront of public affairs or elsewhere for that matter which have any cause for rebuking the Bombay Government for its leniency to inebriates. The newspapers which have been rejoicing over the categories of the permitted as conveniently presented by Mr. Patel, are naturally anti-Prohibition; the others have not interested themselves very much in the matter. Mr. Kher in his interview on Monday asserted that there were no new concessions. Whilst he might have been strictly right in his statement, the fact cannot be denied that there does seem a slight change of emphasis. We should say that the concessions made earlier in a different mood have today assumed greater importance. For this, the lethargy of the Prohibitionists is largely responsible. They have sat back, looking to the Government to put through the reforms and expecting it as it were to move forward by its own momentum. That it has not done this is amply borne out by facts, and this brings us to the second point.

The second fact is the experience of the "Indian Witness" of Lucknow, a Methodist weekly which is devoted to the cause of temperance and which attempted to publish a special temperance issue in connection with Temperance Week starting from Sunday, October 30. The "Indian Witness" writes, "We are very sorry that we cannot give the material that we wanted to give. We had requested some 25 persons to send us articles and messages for this number, but with the exception of one or two replies, and even these in the negative, we did not get any response to our letters. We wanted to give a message from the world President of the W.C.T.U. who is just now visiting India, as also a message from our National President and a few others. But they were all on tour and so we could not get any response from them. Then also we thought of giving some up-to-date information with regard to the position of Prohibition in India and for that we wrote to the authorities concerned but from there also we did not get any encouragement. We had also written to the Government circles to send us messages and useful information for inclusion in this number but from there also we did not get the same fate. We understand that the Women's Christian Temperance Union has been putting in a good deal of effort and has been doing a lot. But we find that very few women really take interest in the work of the W.C.T.U. in their local unions and in the places where they live." The result of all this is that very little matter of Indian interest appears in the

Illogical Tara Singh

Master Tara Singh has had it made possible for him—though against his will—to enjoy a fairly long period of peace and quiet in well-provided comfort. Those were circumstances in which he could have thought over things, especially his political obligations, profitably for himself, his community and also India and the people of India. Unfortunately he did not. Even more unfortunately, he does not, as an Indian patriot, seem to have

learned the lesson of the Muslim League's separatist demands incidentally, the league and its leaders also tried to play the same game. He is, according to his own proclaimed professions, an Indian patriot through and through. But he is so blind a separatist that he desires to cut out India from the entire Indian state. Master Tara Singh says he supports the idea of a secular state but urges that such a state should be "really secular and not in name only." Quite so. But a secular state just cannot be created or consolidated by dividing it into anti-secular, religious and sectarian units. Why cannot this simple truth strike the great Sikh leader?

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Thought For The Day

Men imagine that they communicate their virtue or vice only by overt actions, and do not see that virtue or vice emit a breath every moment.

—R. W. EMERSON.

Tête-à-Tête

WITHOUT COMMENT.

BELOGRADE, Oct. 30 (PTI-Rentier). The Yugoslav Foreign Office handed a note of protest to the Hungarian Legation here in connection with the "open and deliberate provocations which Hungarian frontier guards carried out in the night of October 27 to 28 at the Yugoslav-Hungarian frontier near Donji Miholjac, the Yugoslav agency Tanjug said.

The Joint Strike Committee of the Calcutta Corporation Unions has called off the strike, but adds the PTU, no immediate reaction of the Communist-led workers, who had throughout bitterly opposed any "half way compromise", was available.

Down with all compromise even though the city die of cholera and typhoid.

In a welcome to India's Prime Minister, a San Francisco paper says: "Nehru already bulks large in the history of the post-war world. The circumstances of his visit to the United States, bear witness to the belief in high places that he will bulk even larger."

Propose of Pandit Nehru's sojourn at White Sulphur Springs, informed circles in America, we are told, attach considerable importance to that week-end holiday.

For our own guidance, however, we are awaiting comments by authoritative informed circles in India, America and elsewhere.

The Health Minister, Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, declared at New Delhi that clouds of fear, suspicion and distrust overhauling the world could be removed only if each one of us devote time to the service of mankind—strictly and fiercely according to each one's very own idea of service of mankind.

Shri H. V. Kamath, M.C.A., inaugurating a session of the Indian Railway Running Staff Council at Nagpur, has made a far-reaching appeal to the railwaymen "not to make their union a tool or a puppet in the hands of any political party whether the Communists, the Socialists or even the Congress."

Then they will pass on to the Forward Bloc, shew—won't they?

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose's Left Unity Conference is now "in session" in Calcutta and is being treated to a constant stream of "United Socialist Organisation of India", the preamble to which explains inter-alia that "British Imperialism felt and very rightly too that the Indian market must be saved at all times as a special preserve of its own predatory commercialism and that an alliance with the Indian bourgeoisie was an absolute necessity against American world domination and the extension of the Soviet sphere of influence in the East and the West."

What wonder is who drafted the preamble for Sarat Babu?

CALCUTTA: Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan this evening appealed to the Socialists of India to prepare for "social revolution".

Good heavens—sorry, we mean what's that "revolution"?

TEXTILE CUTS
The Government has reduced the prices of cloth and yarn by 10 per cent from today. This will be about four per cent reduction in the ex-mill price. In view of the coming reduction, there was a lull in the demand for cloth and many shops complained about the absence of demand and in turn stores also reduced their purchases.

Thus the reduction of 10 per cent in prices and devaluation of our currencies and there is nothing there to be gained by our textile industry. Moreover, some of the qualities produced by our mills are of inferior quality and do not find favour with consumers. This habit of producing inferior qualities due to Government protection and stamping of prices, cannot have a lasting effect. As long as there is shortage of cloth, anything will sell but when it comes to the question of selection only good and standard qualities will be paid for. Even today with present prices, several mills, whose cloth has a good name, find good demand. Thus it is not only price that will count in future. Our mills, if they want to retain foreign markets and capture new ones, must concentrate more and more on quality. Price protection is not a permanent factor and in due course foreign countries who have developed textile industry are sure to offer keen competition. Even consumers in this country show a preference to imported cloth of certain varieties although the price paid is compared with similar domestic variety only because of the durability and attractive finish. Our textile industry being one of the oldest will do well to attain higher standards of quality. It has an exceptional position as our mills have raw cotton at their doors and consumers around them. If they sincerely mean to produce good quality at competitive rates they are best placed.

THE RIGHT LINE

If a recent report from Singapore is at all correct, the British Government in London is wiser and more far-sighted than its agents, "the men on the spot" in Malaya and South-East Asia. London, it is reported, has very sensibly almost decided to extend de facto recognition to the Communist regime in China. But "top-level British political and service chiefs in Asia and the Far East", who are in conference at Singapore seem to be hesitating between recognition and non-recognition, but distinctly are inclined to non-recognition. They fear that recognition will strengthen the hard-core of Communists leading the revolt in Malaya. This is plausible enough. But they ignore the meaning of the fact, even though they have acknowledged it, that the Communist-led revolt has been no more than merely "checked". It has neither been broken nor suppressed. Non-recognition of Communist China will positively provoke the latter to the "Anglo-American" alliance to Malaya. Communists which the authorities wrongly fear from recognition of the Mao regime. In fact, recognition might persuade Mao Tse-tung and his Communists to withhold that aid.

BLOW FOR FREEDOM

An American millionaire, Mr. George Armstrong made a bid, with the power of his wealth to revitalise the decadent doctrine of White supremacy in his country; but he has received a well-deserved rebuff. His tempting offer of 50 million dollars to the Jefferson Military Academy was rejected by the trustees of the Academy, as they were not prepared to accept his condition to reserve the institution for white races professing Christianity and to establish a curriculum devoted to Christianity and to the superiority of the Anglo-American and Latin American races. Mr. Armstrong was an attempt to introduce racial as well as religious discrimination in the Military Academy—an educational institution, proved to have been too strong for the temptation of a munificent endowment. The chairman, Mr. Stanley Murphy, told reporters that the teaching of White supremacy was "utterly foreign to the thinking of the trustees." And then he boldly declared "We do not need money that badly. We could close the school first." Mr. Armstrong's retreat should be an eye-opener to the reactionary America. This not only strains the relations between the employer and the employee but ruins the interests of the worker himself in the long run.

Gwalior Or Indore?

CAPITAL OF MADHYA BHARAT

By H. S. Dwivedi

The factors determining the establishment of the capital of a country may be, broadly speaking, geographical, historical, economic, political and general. What may be true in the case of a country is more or less applicable in the case of a provincial unit of this sub-continent of India.

From time immemorial, the fact of central situation has rarely affected the selection of a capital of a country. If we glance over a map of the world, and our own sub-continent in particular, this notion will be apparent enough. Moscow, lies somewhere between 55 deg. and 60 deg. latitude, and has not a pleasant climate and yet it is the capital of Russia. Neither London nor Washington are centrally situated, and yet they are the capitals of Great Britain and the U.S.A.

In our own country, during the Mauryan Dynasty, in the histories past when the Indian Empire included Afghanistan, Patialpura, or modern Patna, was the capital of the Mauryan Empire, and it was far from centrally situated. And history bears witness to the fact that the Mauryan Empire and its orderly Government in those times that we have now. The Peshwa ruled the major part of India from their capital at Poona. Even today, the British Government in India, though situated in the North-West Frontier Province, still claims to be the Capital of India. Its added attraction of a temperate climate, Pakistan, with its peculiar geographical position, has its capital at Karachi. If there is any country that may be justified in having its capital for some time in Sind and for some time in East Bengal, it can be Pakistan—but not Madhya Bharat, with its continuous area.

CLIMATE ARGUMENT
There is a fallacy working in the minds of those who are still under the spell of British rule, when every summer, lakhs of rupees of the poor Indian tax payer were wasted in moving the Imperial Secretariat from Delhi to Simla, in spite of protests, this waste continued, due to our helplessness. As soon as the National Government was established in the land, the annual exodus to Simla was stopped and the Secretariat's efficiency has not been affected on that account. In fact, the gentlemen who argue in favour of a temperate climate for Madhya Bharat's capital, little realise that the moderate climate being the main consideration, the Britisher would not have shifted the capital of India from Calcutta to Delhi, i.e. from a moderate to an extreme climate.

There often repeated argument is that because Indore is an important industrial town, with several mills and allied industries, it should be the capital of Madhya Bharat. These gentlemen should know whether our nation is to be industrialised or de-industrialised; whether we want to clear the slums of big cities or add to them; whether we want to increase the housing problems, the sanitation problems, and the food problems of the already over-crowded population by bringing the Secretariat to Indore or to give relief to these problems; and whether we want to add to the difficulties of the Madhya Bharat Government by wasting money on bricks

FRANKLY SPEAKING

sibly almost decided to extend de facto recognition to the Communist regime in China. But "top-level British political and service chiefs in Asia and the Far East", who are in conference at Singapore seem to be hesitating between recognition and non-recognition, but distinctly are inclined to non-recognition. They fear that recognition will strengthen the hard-core of Communists leading the revolt in Malaya. This is plausible enough. But they ignore the meaning of the fact, even though they have acknowledged it, that the Communist-led revolt has been no more than merely "checked". It has neither been broken nor suppressed. Non-recognition of Communist China will positively provoke the latter to the "Anglo-American" alliance to Malaya. Communists which the authorities wrongly fear from recognition of the Mao regime. In fact, recognition might persuade Mao Tse-tung and his Communists to withhold that aid.

CALCUTTA STRIKE
Both the workers and authorities are to be congratulated for putting an end to the eight-day old Calcutta Corporation workers' strike in Calcutta. Citizens, too, will welcome it with great relief. However, the strike has highlighted a few things. It is reported that the INTCU was actually provoked into leading the strike for fear that they would lose their influence on the Corporation workers. Only when sweepers go on strike is it realised by the public that the Corporation workers are these men have to perform. On these depends the health and well-being of the city and they deserve every reasonable consideration. Unfortunately, they are being exploited for political purposes. Only recently the Communist Party has called out the Calcutta Corporation workers on strike, unsuccessfully. They were enraged at the success of the INTCU-led union. There were assaults on the union officials. Bombs were thrown and firearms used to paralyse the life of the city. In short they did their best to bring chaos. Unfortunately, for them this only hastened the settlement of the strike. But there is also a limit to the capacity of the Calcutta Corporation to pay better wages. The moment the Corporation showed signs of solvency, the workers stepped up their demands. There should be a uniform award on an All-India basis for workers, who man essential services so that there will not be a chaos for agitators to exploit them and endanger the health of the country.

COMMENDABLE
Another person nearer home, who deserves unqualified congratulations is the Municipal Commissioner of Bombay, who has invited 2,000 dismissed strikers to resume work. This is a commendable act. The strikers were left in the settlement of the sweepers' strike recently. Also it acquires him and the Congress Municipal Party of the charge of vindictiveness. The whole thing boils down to this that the Government should encourage the growth of genuine trade unionism if the workers are to be rescued from agitators, who make them tall promises and bring them out on strikes on the least pretext. This not only strains the relations between the employer and the employee but ruins the interests of the worker himself in the long run.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

A Homoeopathic Quack Speaks!

In regard to the sweeping remarks of the Homoeopathic Enquiry Committee that a majority of homoeopaths are quacks, I beg to state that I am one of those quacks as defined by the Committee since I have neither a diploma nor am I graduate of any university. I am only enlisted under section 18 of Act XXVI of 1933 under Registered Medical Practitioners' Act for the last ten years. During this period I have had an opportunity of treating a number of cases pronounced incurable and hopeless by well known allopaths holding Indian and foreign university degrees. However, I will give only two recent clinical cases pronounced incurable by well known allopaths and entirely cured by me. Case No. 1. Well known High Court official forced to resign his lucrative post on account of high blood pressure. Well known doctors who treated him gave their prognosis that blood pressure had no cure and generally it died with the patient. This untoward statement gave a further shock to the patient who became despondent and morose as he thought he was going to die. He was not able to read owing to blood pressure and would not put on spectacles even in the house. Today within three months of the treatment he has discarded black spectacles and reads a book every day. He has commenced legal practice as he had retired on account of blood pressure. Case No. 2. A Muslim lady of a very respectable family was suffering from bronchitis and for six months well known specialists in the city treated her but made her case worse. She could not walk, she could not even get up from her bed. She was not able to walk without support. The continuous cough day and night made her life miserable. Within fifteen days of my treatment, the cough disappeared and after a month's treatment she is able to walk two to three miles without exhaustion. I would therefore say that a "quack" that a homoeopathic quack is a "quack" that he knows how to handle the case than those allopaths who hold high degree and spoil the case. Both the cases I treated recently and can be verified.

—J. MACKWAN.

Age Limit In Public Services

In his letter published in the "Bombay Chronicle" of Monday Mr. S. A. Ayer, the Director of Publicity, Bombay stated that the age of superannuation for gazetted and non-gazetted Government servants is 55 and that no extensions are permitted unless it becomes absolutely necessary to do so in the interest of public service. If this rule is strictly observed, I will Mr. Ayer explain how only last week an officer who retired from the Revenue Department owing to superannuation was appointed as an Assistant Town Controller in the Civil Supplies Department to the detriment of younger, equally well qualified and promotion-deserving officers and subordinates? Would he maintain that the appointment was absolutely necessary in the interest of public service? And if he does, would he kindly explain in what way it is so?

Danger To Life In Calcutta

I along with Sri Sitaram Sankar, member, A.I.C.C. and Executive Committee—W.B.P.C.C., was proceeding towards Sealdah at about 8-30 p.m. last week in Calcutta through Harrison Road. A further from the crossing of Harrison Road and College Street, towards Sealdah, we were forcibly stopped and dragged out of the car by a furious mob. We were severely assaulted. The persons who were beating me shouted, "Kill this Congressman". Meanwhile, some local people recognised me and ran to save my life. I requested the police which was at the crossing of Harrison Road and College Street for help and to save my life at such a critical juncture, but they turned deaf ears to my request. Fortunately, they arrived in a R.W.A.C. Ambulance which picked me up and took me to the Medical College Hospital where I was admitted to the Emergency Ward. But to my utter surprise I had to wait there for about 45 minutes bleeding from my mouth and nose.

It is regretted very much that in hospital like Calcutta Medical College, no prompt aid was rendered to me when my life was in danger. In answer to my request for aid one of the officers on duty did nothing but carelessly took my statement.

Such sort of behaviour on the part of the authorities, charging Medical College Hospital is highly condemnable. Any how I managed to come out of the hospital in its compound where I met Sri Bijay Singh, Nalbari, who narrated the whole story to him with great difficulty. There-

Red Trouble In East

KARIMGANJ, Oct. 31 (UPI).—Twenty persons have so far been arrested in connection with the Communist disturbances at Fakirlandi (East Pakistan) on October 31. The police had to open fire killing one person when Communists clashed with them.

Two prominent Communists were arrested on October 28 from their hiding in a peashy field near the area and the situation is now quiet.

after, I managed to come to my family doctor for necessary aid. I am very much grateful to the local people, R.W.A.C., some local Bengali gentlemen who at the spot of the incident came to save my life.

—SHREELAL SAWALKA, Member, Executive Committee, West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee.

Madhyabharat Capital

I have read the note appearing in your issue of the 26th October, relating to the much vexed question of fixing the capital of Madhya Bharat at one place.

I must say that the note appearing in your paper makes out a very strong case for fixation of the capital at one place and save Madhya Bharat from unnecessary expenditure involved in the shifting of the capital from time to time from Gwalior to Indore and back.

The argument in favour of keeping Gwalior as the capital is also very strong and sound. You are doing a great public service in taking this matter up in your esteemed paper and thus ventilating a matter of great public importance.

I do hope and trust that the case you published in your paper will have the desired effect of fixing the capital in one place, and that place should be Gwalior.

—K. C. VARMA

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My information is that the officer concerned, having worked all his time in the Revenue Department, was unfamiliar with the routine matters and will have to spend weeks if not months, before he can usefully employ himself in his new post.

JUNIOR N.C.C. TRAINING CAMP AT DEOLALI

NASIK, Oct. 31 (PTI).—About 600 high school boys from East and West Khandesh, Ahmednagar and Nasik districts, who are members of the National Cadet Corps, Junior Division, are attending a ten-day training camp, from Oct. 24, at Deolali, under the command of Capt. Curdson, Sqn. Liaison Officer, National Cadet Corps. Among the demonstrations witnessed by the cadets were a twenty-five pounder artillery fire at the School of Artillery and aircraft flights on the R.I.A.F. ground.

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Two prominent Communists were arrested on October 28 from their hiding in a peashy field near the area and the situation is now quiet.



NORTH ZONE AIM AT FORCING A DRAW.

Bowling Honours Shared By Worrell, Pettiford And Smith

PATIALA, Oct. 31. (PTI): North Zone were all out in their first innings for 188 runs on the third day of their four-day match against the Commonwealth team after a hard struggle on the part of their batsmen to avoid a quick dismissal.

On the defensive throughout the day obviously with the sole object of forcing a draw, they succeeded in their efforts to an appreciable extent by managing to keep their opponents in the field for five hours, thanks to a solid innings of 56 by Lakshmi Chand who remained unbeaten. Following on, they made seventeen for no loss at the end of the day.

With two wickets down for 39 runs at the close of play yesterday, the home side fared none too promisingly this morning. They lost two more good wickets before lunch—those of Amarnath who batted in spite of his foot injury and Prithviraj—for the addition of sixty runs. After the interval Blide and Lakshmi Chand added 33 runs to the total but after they were separated wickets fell at regular intervals until the innings was rounded off by Frank Worrell.

Worrell, Jack Pettiford and Ray Smith shared the bowling honours, capturing three wickets each. Worrell returned the best analysis of 14 overs 5 maidens 11 runs and 3 wickets.

North Zone resumed its first innings in a confident but quite tone on the third day of the match today against Commonwealth team which put up a huge total of 613 although home-side's start was inauspicious, the side having lost two wickets for 39 runs.

Prithviraj who appeared well-settled and Lakshmi Chand overnight not out batsmen faced with square bats Fitz Maurice and Pettiford operating from west and east ends, while batsmen could take no liberty with spin-bowler Pettiford who sent down six maidens over with googlies and legbreaks. Fitz Maurice medium-fast bowler conceded few singles before Freer replaced him. With a boundary off Pettiford, Lakshmi Chand recorded 50 of the innings after it had lasted twenty minutes.

The captain of the visiting team made some quick changes in the bowling. He brought in Worrell, who had in his earlier spells taken two wickets for seven runs in place of Pettiford who was bowling exceedingly well. It was a struggle between the North Zone bent upon keeping their wickets intact as long as possible and their opponents endeavouring to get them out as early as possible. Lakshmi Chand played a solid game, so did his partner Blide who executed some clever shots.

Blide hit Ray Smith who had replaced Worrell, for a hefty four, but succumbed to his next ball, Pettiford bringing off a catch at mid-off (132/5/24).

At the same total Ray Smith claimed the wicket of the home side's skipper the Maharaja of Patiala, 132/5/6. Jaswant Singh, who is to captain the Services XI in the next match against the Tourists at Delhi, was the next batsman in but he also did not stay at the crease for long. After scoring 11 runs off Ray Smith, he stepped out to Pettiford and was

SCORE-BOARD

COMMONWEALTH TEAM (1st Innings) 613 (for 8 deat.)				
NORTH ZONE (FIRST INNINGS).				
Dalvi Singh b Freer	9			
Naidu b Worrell	11			
Prithviraj b Worrell	33			
Amarnath c and b Pettiford	5			
Blide c Pettiford b Ray Smith	24			
Maharaja of Patiala c and b Ray	0			
Lakshmi Chand not out	56			
Jaswant Singh st Dawkes b Pettiford	11			
Surjit Singh c Livingston b Pettiford	0			
Hiralal c Pettiford b Ray Smith	2			
Jagdish Singh b Worrell	1			
Extras (7 byes, 5 legbyes and 5 no balls)	17			
Total	188			

Bowling Analysis:				
	O	M	R	W
Fitzmaurice	13	6	16	0
Ray Smith	23	7	32	3
Freer	18	3	34	1
Pettiford	36	13	58	3
Worrell	14	5	11	3
NORTH ZONE (SECOND INNINGS).				
Dalvi Singh batting	11			
Naidu batting	2			
Extras	4			
Total (for no loss)	17			

BOMBAY CRICKET ASSOCIATION Office-Bearers Elected

BOMBAY, Monday. At a meeting of the Bombay Cricket Association held this evening the following office-bearers were elected for the ensuing year: President: Justice Tendulkar. Vice-Presidents: M. S. Duleepsinhji and Col. K. M. Mistry. Chairman: A. A. Jassandwalla. Hon. Secretaries: M. D. Lall and D. Thakurvala. Hon. Treasurer: Bhogilal C. Shah. Members: K. C. Ibrahim, S. N. Mehta, M. S. Naik, S. V. Rajyadhaksha and P. P. Tembulkar.

NATAL FORCE A DRAW

"Aussies" Tour Of South Africa

DURBAN, October 31. (PTI-Reuters): The match between the Australian cricket tourists and Natal ended here today in a draw.

The tourists today declared their second innings closed at 280 for 2. They had scored 275 in their first innings, Natal replying with 144. Natal were 218 for five wickets in their second innings when play ended.

BANGALORE CRICKET LEAGUE

BANGALORE, Oct. 31. (PTI): Bangalore United Cricket Club beat Bangalore Gymkhana by 123 runs in the First Division League cricket match played here yesterday for the Sir Mirza Jemal Shiekh. Playing for Bangalore United Cricket Club Shyamdas scored an unbeaten century. This was his first century in the League matches this year. In the Second Division match for Nassir Memorial Trophy, Mallewarang Gymkhana beat Spartans by 7 wickets. C. R. K. Moorthy of Mallewarang Gymkhana was deadly with the ball. He took five wickets for 16 runs. The following were the scores:—

BANGALORE UNITED CRICKET CLUB 217 (for 5 wks. declared) (P. R. Shyamdas 116 not out, G. M. Rajasekhar 48, Sivasankar 2 for 48, and Krishnamoorthy 2 for 42).

BANGALORE GYMKHANA 94 (Streak 30 not out, Magal 4 for 33).

LEAGUE DIVISION TWO: **MALLEWARANG GYMKHANA 54** (for 3 wks. declared) (M. G. Iyengar not out 19, Gove 19, Rego 2 for 16).

SPARTANS 51 (Aleem 18; C. R. K. Moorthy 5 for 16).

Cricket At Meerut

MEERUT, Oct. 31. (PTI)—In a one-day cricket match played here yesterday the Indian Gymkhana Club, Meerut defeated the East Punjab Railway Club, Delhi by one wicket and 118 runs.

Batting first the Gymkhana scored 196 for nine wickets and declared their innings. Hakim Singh 57, Balbir 40, Kukreja 39. Satish took four wickets for 64, and Harichand 3 for 41.

The railway were all out for 78 runs—Satish with 22 runs was the top scorer. Hari 4 for 30 runs and Kaul 3 for 20. Shared bowling honours.

COMPLETE ENTRIES FOR FIRST DAY

Racing In Bombay Starts This Saturday

BOMBAY, Monday. The following are the complete entries for the First Day of the Bombay Winter Races to be held on Saturday the 5th November:—

THE LONDO PLATE—7 Furlongs New Moon, Red Bird, Pratibha, Raghu, Bhopal Star, Flotilla, Beau Secler, Flying Dragon, Quicksand, Near Image, Pramila, Parting, Sumner, My Pet, Dinkar and Rana Pratap.

THE FALITANA PLATE—7 Furlongs Gay Pilot, Put All, Fride d'Antibes, Truman, Sweet Maryia, Once Again, Shah Jehan, Windsor Park, Windsor Knight, Spring Chicken, Avaz and Black Page.

THE BELGAUM PLATE—6 Furlongs Koko Boko Coronet, King's Pleasure, Sand, Parker, Prince, Wong's Pleasure, Par Excellence, Big Boss, Lerins, Chandrajett, Kabir, Maniana, Baslian, My Will, Treasure Toy, Solo Banoo, Little Star, Mack Reshene, MacDonald and Lila Malik.

THE SION PLATE—6 Furlongs Yearling, Zar, Mah-i-Nau, Fride of Hindustan, Duke of Ranghar, Magnificent, Vagabond Queen, Her Excellency, Tanasha, Gold Legion, Makarpur, Georgeite, Viveca, Carnival Queen, Gang Bhup, Sir Galahad, King's Star, Morton, Dalsy, Ganga Singh, London Tan, Flying Princess, Triple Alliance, Hikmet, Golden Square, Jounette, Nizamuddin and Down South.

(This race will be divided into two divisions. One division to be ridden by Indian Jockeys, Half Jockeys and Apprentice Jockeys with allowances.)

THE LYALPUR PLATE—6 Furlongs Mah Khurshid, Princess of Hindustan, Princess Pakistan, Chhoti Begum, No Nanette, Marvel, Cordial, Icy Hot, Magic Hour, Ijlat, Steve Marlow, Lizeles, Koidhwa, Tailor, Blue Arrow, Ma Cherie, Mirella, Titina, Furat, Khyber, Trunk Club, Torrent and My Pleasure.

DIVAR WIN R.C.A.A. CHAMPIONSHIP

BOMBAY, Monday. Divar Association United won the coveted Gold Medal awarded to the winners of the R.C.A.A. Championship of the Marathas at the Maratha Stadium in the replay at the Brabourne Stadium on Monday evening by two goals to one.

Divar proved far superior today and though the St. Francis Goans had brief spells during which they enjoyed territorial supremacy, they never did score and the one goal they had was actually scored by Peter Ferrao, who in clearing the ball, deflected it into his own net. Divar were more faster and gave their opponents little scope of attack, and whenever St. Francis Goans got a chance to break through, Divar's safe took no risk and cleared first time.

MOTOR RACING IN SPAIN

Sommers Of France Wins

MADRID, Oct. 30. (PTI-Reuters): Raymond Sommers, of France, driving a Gordini, today won the Madrid Grand Prix Motor Race here. Maurice Trintignant, France, (Gordini) was second with Baron, (Gordini) third. There were six competitors.

"Gorgeous" Gussie Moran For Asian Tennis Championships

WESTERN STARS LEAVE FOR INDIA ON DECEMBER 15

LONDON, October 31. (PTI-Reuters): Mr. J. Chinnai Dural, foreign secretary of the Indian Lawn Tennis Association said here today that he understood that Miss Gertrude Moran, popularly known during the Wimbledon championships as "Gorgeous Gussie" was to be officially nominated by the United States Lawn Tennis Association for the championships of Asia.

He added that Indian Lawn Tennis Association has invited him to accompany the tennis stars from the West on their air passage from London to India.

"The western stars are expected to meet in London prior to flying to India on December 15.

CROSSLEY'S THREE RECORDS

Motor Racing On The Monthery Track

PARIS, Oct. 31. (PTI-Reuters): World records for fifty miles and 100 kilometres (62 miles) were set up today by British racing driver Geoffrey Crossley in a one and a half litre Alta on the Monthery Track.

Crossley covered fifty miles in 24 minutes 0.84 seconds at an average speed of 124.40 miles per hour, and 100 kilometres in 30 minutes 1.46 seconds at 124.17 miles per hour.

The previous records, established by E. A. Eldridge in an American Miller car at Monthery in 1926, were 121.88 and 122.46 miles per hour respectively.

Crossley has thus broken three world records in three days.

He established a new standing start record for 500 kilometres (31 miles) on Saturday.

G.I.P. RAILWAY ENTER FINAL

Satiranjian Shield Football

BOMBAY, Monday. G.I.P. Railway 'A' accounted for Indian Gymkhana by five goals to nil in the second semi-final of the Satiranjian Shield tournament this evening at the St. Xavier's ground here. They now meet Burnah-Shell in the final on Wednesday 2nd November at 5 p.m.

The Railwaymen had not to exert themselves unduly to dispose of their second division rivals and the game was a one-sided affair with the winners doing all the attacking from the commencement and confined play to their opponents own half.

The Indian Gymkhana defence had to do all they could to prevent their goals from scoring and goal-keeper Vishwanath saved his side from a more crushing defeat.

The railway opened their account in the tenth minute of play when they were awarded a penalty which Bhickoo converted without much difficulty. Five minutes before the interval Aziz solidified his side's position when he trapped a corner kick by Bhickoo in front of the goal-mouth and dribbled his way past the first defenders to score the second goal. The teams changed ends with the railwaymen leading by two goals to nil.

After the breather the railway still continued to dictate terms and the opposing custodian had his hands full in dealing with the repeated raids of the opposition and his goal underwent some narrow escapes. Eighteen minutes of continued pressure in the second half and the railway were "able to add to their score but in a short spell of four minutes they added three more goals to complete the tally. Tambe scored the third from a pass from the left with a roaring shot from the top of the penalty area which left the custodian standing. Aziz scored the fourth and fifth goals respectively.

There will be no matches tomorrow.

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St. Francis Goans Beaten In Replay

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St. Francis obtained their first goal through Ferrao deflecting the ball into his own net, but the same player made amends restoring equality before the interval. Crossing over, Divar put everything in the attack and A. Braganza got a good goal at close quarters after eluding the rival defence.

SAMPAT'S SPECTACULAR TRIUMPH OVER GODREJ

INTER-PROVINCIAL TABLE TENNIS

Bombay To Hold Trials For Selecting Team

(By Our Table Tennis Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Monday. The Bombay Provincial Table Tennis Association are very likely to hold in the near future trials—on league basis—to help them select the team to represent the Association in the ensuing National Table Tennis Team Championships which will be held this year at Hyderabad during the Christmas week.

It is understood that the Association will invite eight players to participate in the trials. Till now the Farsee Gymkhana Invitation League Championships used to serve a very useful basis for selecting the team but the necessity of holding these trials has been felt in view of Farsee Gymkhana tournament being abandoned on account of the dates allotted to their club members.

P. L. GANESH WINS CHAMPIONSHIP

Prasannakumar Memorial Athletic Meet

BANGALORE, Oct. 30. (PTI)—Excellent performance by V. Lakshman Rao Jastap, a student of the Intermediate College, Bangalore, a long distance runner especially in 1,500 metres and 3,000 metres and P. L. Ganesh, also a student of the same college, in hop, step and jump and long jump were the features of the final day of the Prasannakumar Memorial Athletic Meet here today. P. L. Ganesh won the open events individual championship while F. Dias won the High School Division Championship.

Lakshman Rao Jastap's timings in 1,500 and 3,000 metres run were only 24 and 52 seconds outside Mysore's records respectively. The Mysore record was 4 minutes 19.2 seconds in 1,500 metres and 9 minutes 27 seconds in 3,000 metres.

The Mysore records were taken in the excellent cinder tracks at the Bangalore Olympic Stadium which today's results were taken on grass track, which was slippery due to rains.

P. L. Ganesh jumped twenty feet ten and a half inches in running long jump which was two feet three-fourths inches behind the All India record.

SHEFFIELD SHIELD CRICKET

Queensland On Way To Victory

BRISBANE, Oct. 31. (PTI-Reuters): Queensland needed 94 to win with four wickets standing at close of play today in their Sheffield Shield match against New South Wales here. New South Wales scored 246 and 147 and Queensland 118 and 174 for six. The match ends tomorrow.

New South Wales, resuming their second innings today at 91 for five, lost wickets cheaply to brilliant bowling by Len Johnson. Aided by a soft patch, Johnson, today took four for 13 to bring his innings' analysis to seven for 43. Top scorer was J. Deworey with a stylish 52, including five fours.

Queensland opened shakily in their second innings, losing W. A. Brown to Keith Miller's third ball. Then came a useful partnership between K. Mackay and A. Carrigan which put on 53. Carrigan got 55, and K. Jack had scored 33 not out in a confident knock when stumps were drawn. Ernie Toshack took three wickets for 31.

Bangalore Hockey

BANGALORE, Oct. 31. (PTI): Hinduistan Aircart "B" beat Mysore State Police by five goals to nil in the preliminary rounds of the Bangalore "A" tournament. The Aircart "B" team played at the Bangalore Hockey Grounds here this evening.

Hinduistan Aircart "B" who had the better of the exchanges dictated terms right from the beginning. There came forward, Thangaraj, played an excellent game for the winners and was responsible for two goals. Both he forwards and defenders of the State Police proved very weak and they lacked in the combination.

WRESTLING AT AZAD MAIDAN POSTPONED

BOMBAY, Monday. The wrestling tournament organised by the Akhil Bharatiya Vikhas Sang at the Azad Maidan was unfortunately brought to a standstill due to some change being effected at the venue which have been necessitated as another exhibition is due to start shortly known as "Bombay Shows The Way" exhibition.

The wrestling will however be resumed to-morrow at 8 p.m.

Khanchand Impresses While Beating Kumar Ghosh

A DAY OF UPSETS IN THE "TIMES" TABLE TENNIS TOURNAMENT

(By Our Table Tennis Correspondent)

BOMBAY, Monday. SEVENTEEN-YEAR old Dilip Sampat—who has been sitting headlong since his memorable final against Kumar Ghosh in the provincial-crowned his previous successes by a magnificent victory over one of India's Swathing Cup representatives, Jai Godrej, this evening in the semi-final of the "Times Of India" Table Tennis Championships. Sampat who made his place in the semi-final by beating J. M. Khanchand who also created a major upset by eliminating another International star Kumar Ghosh in the other semi-final.

These were not the only upsets in the tournament this evening, for in the women's singles semi-final Miss Banoo Cama was well making in a come-back to her old form, accounted for Miss End Bocarro by patiently attacking the latter's back-hand to win in three straight games. Khanchand and Dyer, one of the formidable combinations suffered a straight-games defeat when they met N. B. Mistry and V. M. Nadkarni in the quarter-final of the men's doubles. The latter quitted for the final by later accounting for another strong combination in Motiwala and Godrej also in three straight games.

It was a bad day for the Indian internationals Kumar Ghosh and Jai Godrej this evening, for they were both eliminated from the men's singles in the semi-final by two of Bombay's hopes in the Inter-Provincial Table Tennis Tournament. Kumar Ghosh playing a very careless game, owing obviously to lack of practice, found Khanchand's varied attack a little too much to stand against, and after winning the initial game over the extra points succumbed tamely to his opponent.

Kumar Ghosh failed to reproduce his usual flashy backhand drives, and consequently he let the attack be taken by Khanchand. Khanchand taking the opportunity indulged in systematic attack on both the flanks of Kumar Ghosh to earn a popular victory—his first over an international player.

To Dilip Sampat must go the honours of the evening. The young school-boy who has shown remarkable improvement this season has many victories over Bombay's leading players, but today's performance will go down in the history of the game in this city as one worthy of highest admiration. Not daunted by the fact that he was meeting one of the best five players in the country Dilip went to the table full of confidence, with a will to do his best in any case, and his efforts and perseverance were rewarded by a spectacular victory.

Playing more or less on the defensive in the first game Sampat was the net and "fed" and when he made efforts to stage a recovery and came as near as 18-20, only to lose by one of the luckiest strokes on the part of Godrej. Godrej's return hit the back of the net and he had no chance to Sampat. Incidentally this fluke stroke helped Godrej to win the only game in this semi-final round.

Sampat it seemed to have got used to Godrej's game during the course of the initial encounter, for right from the start of the second he blasted his way through the Indian international's destructive half-volley return. He was in a masterly fashion, Dilip Sampat waited for his opportunity to penetrate through Godrej's rocklike defence, and when he did get them he made no mistake about. With the touch of an expert he continued to attack Godrej on his forehand, and occasionally by way of variety he hit on his backhand too.

Almost all the drives of Sampat landed nearer the baseline, often leaving the much greater experienced player guessing whether to leave them or to take them for fear that returns from the table. Invariably the ball fell within when Godrej did run the risk of letting them drop. Such was the accuracy with which the seventeen-year old table tennis "star" defended, and when opportunities came he way he never hesitated in directing as well as length.

Sampat went on to win the next three games and with it the right to contest the final—the second of the semi-final series—being the provincial where he lost to Kumar Ghosh. It remains to be seen how he fares against Khanchand, whom he meets for the first time on Wednesday.

Once India's National champion, but out of the game for nearly two years, Mrs Banoo Cama seems to be regaining her former adeptness at the game with every tournament she enters. This evening she accounted for Miss End Bocarro in three straight games by patiently wearing down her opponent. Attacking—defensively of course—Miss Bocarro's backhand she forced her into making mistakes, and when opportunities came her way she never hesitated in forcing the ball down the table in her mild manner.

In the other semi-final Mrs. Gool Naskiwala proved still more convincingly that she is definitely superior to the rest in the matter of patience, when disposing off her opponent of many an encounter. Mrs. Subhasini Dharwad, she now meets Mrs. Banoo Cama in the women's singles final tomorrow evening.

The postponed men's doubles quarter-final match between Khanchand and Dyer and Mistry and Nadkarni resulted in another upset, when the latter defended brilliantly against the attack of one of Bombay's leading doubles combinations in three straight games, won rather narrowly. Each game was won by Mistry and Nadkarni at the expense of nineteen points.

These were the only upsets in the tournament, for when they met Godrej and Motiwala in the semi-final round they emerged victorious in that as well. Godrej, by now a disappointed player, and Motiwala lost in three games, going down tamely.



D. P. Sampat

Mistry and Nadkarni will meet Kumar Ghosh and Banoo Cama in final. The latter entered the final at the expense of the Abraham Brothers. The following were the results:—

- WOMEN'S SINGLES**
- SEMI-FINALS: Gool Naskiwala beat Subhasini Dharwad 21-18 21-15; Banoo Cama beat End Bocarro 21-9 21-18 21-17.
- MEN'S SINGLES**
- SEMI-FINALS: H. M. Khanchand beat Kumar Ghosh 21-23 21-17 21-18; D. P. Sampat beat Jai Godrej 18-21 21-15 21-12 21-17.
- QUARTER-FINALS:** N. B. Mistry and V. M. Nadkarni beat H. M. Khanchand and Cossie Dyer 21-19 21-19.
- SEMI-FINALS:** Kumar Ghosh and Banoo Cama beat P. Abraham and A. Abraham 21-18 21-17 21-16; A. Mistry and V. M. Nadkarni beat S. N. Motiwala and Jai Godrej 21-10 21-13 21-18.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S CUP AT DELHI

NEW DELHI, Oct. 30. (PTI): The Governor-General's cup run on the sixth day of the Autumn Meeting of the Delhi race club was won today by the Maharani of Baroda's, three-year-old Nyson (9-4) with S. Chavara up.

KEROSENE QUANTUM

The values of Kerosene Units on various ration documents have been fixed for the month of November 1949, as shown below:—

Per Unit	Per Ration Document
K(L) Card (Lighting purposes)	1 gallon
K(L) Business card (Lighting purposes)	1 gallon
K(H) Card (Non-Lighting purposes)	1 1/2 gallons
K(H) Permit (Non-Lighting purposes)	3 gallons

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In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL
Brabourne Stadium, 5 p.m. St. Joseph's H.S. Arpora vs. St. Michael's Anjuna S.C. (Benefit exhibition match)

TABLE TENNIS
Times of India Sports Club Hornby Road, 5-40 p.m. Women's Singles Final, 6-15 p.m. Junior Singles Final, Followed by Women's Doubles Final

WRESTLING
Azad Maidan, 8-30 p.m. Akhil Bharatiya Vikhas Sangh

Stop Press

CONSTABLE RUN OVER
BAREILLY, Oct. 31. (PTI) A traffic constable on duty was crushed to death by a truck which he attempted to stop suspecting that it was carrying contraband goods. The constable signalled the driver to stop but when he failed to do so the constable jumped on the footboard. The policemen lost control and was crushed under the wheels and the truck was later overtaken and the driver arrested.

MINE SCHOOL STRIKE
DHANBAD: Students of the Indian School of Mines run by the Government of India have gone on an indefinite strike.

GERMAN DEMONSTRATION
ESSEN, Oct. 31: Anti-dismantling posters, showing a gallows, a question mark and the names and addresses of German dismantling contractors appeared today in Essen Bochum and other Ruhr cities in the British zone.

VITAL PROBLEMS OF NON-FERROUS METALS

FEARS OF SCARCITY OF RAW MATERIALS DUE TO CURRENCY DEVALUATION

Delivering his Presidential address to the Fourth Annual General Meeting of the Indian Nonferrous Metals Manufacturers' Association, at Calcutta on Saturday Mr. G. D. Binnani in stressing the importance of cottage industries in the country's economy said, "I am anxious, however, to point out at the same time that such vast and automated factories can serve our economy only to the extent they facilitate the production of primary and basic materials for use of small scale industries dispersed through the length and breadth of the country. Only then could a new message of cheer and of hope be brought to the remote villages of India."

In a comprehensive survey of the position of the different branches of the Nonferrous Metals Industry at the moment, he referred to the scarcity conditions likely to result in the market for raw materials of the industry consequent on the recent currency devaluation; the urgency of a properly conceived policy of systematic imports of virgin metals and scraps into the country; and the issue of import licences for the same on a liberal scale, restoring also facility for private import and trading in tin; the rise in the productive capacity of the nonferrous metals industry which had reached self-sufficiency in regard to items like brass, and copper sheets, extruded rods, tubes, pipes and hexagons, different kinds of alloys and castings, electrolytic black copper, aluminium foils, lead pipes and tubes, antimony metal etc., besides making rapid progress in regard to production of virgin lead, cadmium, and aluminium in its different forms.

He indicated the necessity of the industry basing its future developments more and more on metals in regard to which India's own resources are adequate, in indicating the details of a proper import policy for virgin metals and scraps, he also referred to the important role, which the trade had to fulfil for facilitating industrial development, and said "the industry itself must look to the trade to cater to its requirements of virgin metals and scraps, and the products and must be ready to rationalise its manufactures to given sizes and programmes. The Government in turn must also purchase its own needs of virgin metals from the market in India as they are now doing. . . . the risk of frequent and violent fluctuations in prices in the world market for metals and the financing of huge stocks, of raw materials for the industry to programme its output in a regular manner are both legitimate functions to be shouldered by the organised trade, to mark the industry. In framing the revised import policy, therefore, I do hope that it would be quite liberal in regard to import of all virgin metals required by us."

VITAL PROBLEMS

In indicating some of the problems of the industry, he referred to the competition being felt from the Government owned or Government controlled factories which are not governed by ordinary principles of commercial costing; the continuing of labour troubles; the need for adequate metal statistics and for organized market surveys; the necessity for reclassification of Nonferrous metals items in the Indian Customs Tariff Schedule under a separate main heading "Nonferrous Metals" manufactures and semi-manufactures thereof" defining items like scrap fully for the guidance of the Customs Authorities and the imperative need to automatically continue the protective measures now in force for a further period of at least one year with effect from March, 1950. He said his last demand on the chaotic character of metal prices today, which precluded a cost-examination relevant to a fairly stable long period apart from the fact that the new units which had been put up, had worked only for a short time and that the duties now tended to serve for three years would not have actually served the industry for more than a year and a half by the end of March, 1950.

LABOUR-MANAGEMENT

In appealing for labour-management co-operation, he said "I, therefore, appeal to the leaders of the labour movement in India to appreciate this fact and to exercise their influence on the side of moderation and progress so that industrial progress

City Markets GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.
The Reserve Bank of India sold today 200 bars silver at Rs. 108 and ten thousand tolas gold at Rs. 114/8.
The local bullion market opened at Rs. 108/4 for Kartak delivery Silver and declined at Rs. 107/14 under scattered selling. Later on the market was steady at Rs. 108/4 on modest support. Ready Silver was offered at Rs. 108/2.
Kartak delivery Gold opened at Rs. 114 and after declining at Rs. 113/14 improved at Rs. 114/4 and steadied at Rs. 114/-. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/8 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 77/8.
Final quotations were as under:—
Ready Silver 107 10 0
Kartak del. 107 12 0
Ready Gold 114 8 0
Kartak del. 114 0 0
Sovereigns 77 0 0

SHARE BAZAR CLOSED

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.
Today being Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel's 74th Birthday, members of the Bombay Stock Exchange did no business. Nominally Tata Steel Defs. were quoted around Rs. 1360.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.
There was no forward business today in the local cotton market. Operators were inclined to await the result of hearing of the case which is due on the 4th November.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton May Contract is 1333 cent points below New York May delivery.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.
The local produce market opened steady but later on ruled quiet on increased selling. Quotations were as under:—

GROUNDNUTS	
Quality Receipts	39 2 0
15 Nov. Delivery	37 8 0
November Delivery	37 0 0
January Delivery	36 4 0
Bold December	35 0 0
Bold January	35 0 0
Oil Bombay Mills	23 0 0
Oil Upcountry Mills	22 4 0
Oil November	21 0 0
Oil December	19 8 0

LINSSEED	
Indore	34 10 0
Bold	34 6 0
Small	32 12 0
Oil	20 8 0

CASTORSEEDS	
Spot	25 0 0
January Delivery	25 0 0

HESSIAN MARKET	
45 XII	125-1/4
Ready	125-1/4
Oct-Dec	124
Jan-March	140 0 0
Oct-Dec	136 0 0

PEPPER PRICES	
Magsar dely.	2380
Posh	2280 to 2280

ART SILK YARN	
120 Ready Japan	3 12 0
150 Ready Japan	3 13 0
120 Ready Italy	3 8 0
150 Ready Italy	3 12 0
150 D. Box Nov.	759 0 0

BANKERS' CLEARING	
Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 28th October were as under:	
Number of Cheques:	1,73,107
Amount of Cheques:	Rs. 47,33,107
	385-0-6

GOVERNMENT LOANS	
BOMBAY, Oct. 31.	
2 1/2 per cent 1954	98 12 0
2 1/2 per cent 1955	100 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1956	99 12 0
2 1/2 per cent 1957	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1958	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1959	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1960	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1962	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1963	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1964	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1965	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1966	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1967	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1968	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1969	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1970	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1971	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1972	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1973	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1974	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1975	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1976	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1977	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1978	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1979	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1980	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1981	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1982	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1983	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1984	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1985	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1986	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1987	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1988	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1989	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1990	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1991	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1992	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1993	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1994	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1995	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1996	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1997	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1998	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 1999	96 6 0
2 1/2 per cent 2000	96 6 0

Kerosene Units' Values	
BOMBAY, Monday: The values of kerosene units on various markets have been fixed for the month of November 1949, as shown below:—	
Per Unit	Per Ration Document

K (L) Card (Lighting purposes) 1 1/2 gallon	—
K (L) Business card (Lighting purposes) —	1 gallon
K (H) Card (Non-Lighting purposes) 1-1/4 gallons	—
K (H) Permit (Non-Lighting purposes) —	3 gallons

Madras Share Bazar	
MADRAS, Oct. 31, (PTD): Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market.	
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA LOANS:	
Three per cent Paper 97, Three per cent 1956-55, Three per cent 1970-75 99-14, Government of Travancore Loan three per cent 1952-54 100-12, Government of Madras Loan three per cent 1960 100.	
BANKS: Travancore 13-4, PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1-9, Blue Mountain 2-5-6, Chembra 4-6, Cochran Malabar 4-8, Devashola 13-2, Midland 3-7, Nallampathy 1-1, Oucheril 4-3, Pullangode 1-2, Thiruvandi 1-1, T. R. and T. Co. 5-8, Vaikundam 5-8.	
TEXTILES: Buckingham 138, Buckingham pref. 180, Cambodia 10-8, Colabator 118, Colabator Sps. 44-12, Lakshmi 62, Madura 38, Mettur 318-8, Radhakrishna 144, Rajalakshmi 58, Ranga Vilas 46-8, Trav. Rayons 4-3, Trichinopoly 9-14.	
MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 69, P. A. C. T. 4-5, India Cement 17-9, Mettur Chemical 6-12, Mysore Chemical and Fert. 7-8.	

CHICAGO WHEAT	
CHICAGO, October 29.	
December	2.14 3/8
March	2.15 3/4
May	2.10 3/8
July	1.94 3/4

LONDON EXCHANGES	
LONDON, October 29.	
T. T. London on	2.7887 to 2.8012
New York	3.0775 to 3.0825
Montreal	12.23 to 12.26
Sweden	14.47 to 14.50

PROVINCIAL LOANS	
3 per cent Bombay 1967	98 13 0
2 3/4 per cent C. P. 1961	97 0 0
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97 0 0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100 6 0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100 6 0
3 per cent Madras 1953-53	101 6 0
3 per cent C. P. 1953	100 6 0
3 per cent C. P. 1952	100 6 0
3 per cent N.W.F. 1952	98 2 0
3 per cent C. U. P. 1951-52	99 12 0
3 1/4 per cent Municipal 1977	99 0 0
4 per cent B.P.T. long dated	109 12 0
4 per cent Bombay Mun.	109 8 0
5 p.c. Bombay Mun. 1959	114 0 0
6 per cent Bom. Municipality 1954	113 8 0
6 per cent K. P. T. 1954	113 12 0
3 per cent Punjab 1949	100 0 0

Dyes & Chemicals

BOMBAY, Oct. 31.
(From CHATURBHUJ K. MAVJI) BARREL PACKING
SAPTHOLS
CAS 9 0 0
CBO 13 4 0
CSW 13 0 0
CSC 17 0 0
CSC Base 10 8 0
Fast Scarlet CKRC 12 0 0
Fast Red CB 12 0 0
Fast Red CKRC 12 0 0
Fast Garnet CKRC 12 0 0
Fast Yellow CCG 4 10 0
Fast Yellow CB 8 0 0
Fast Orange CCG 10 8 0
Fast Orange CKRC 7 8 0
Fast Bordeaux GGP 14 0 0
Fast Bordeaux CKRC 14 0 0
Fast Violet CKRC 6 8 0
Fast Blue CB 5 0 0
DIRECT COLOURS
Direct Black Extra 4 8 0
Direct Green Extra 6 0 0
Direct Violet Extra 6 0 0
Direct Yellow 4GL 11 0 0
Direct Sky Blue Extra 8 0 0
Direct Ruby Extra 8 0 0
Direct Orange Extra 7 8 0
Direct Brown 5 4 0
Diaz Black Extra 11 12 0
Benzopurpurine 4B 5 0 0
Congo Red 1B Dark 4 8 0
Tartar Euxine 10 0 0
Delta Purpurine 5B Conc. 10 0 0
SULPHUR COLOURS
Sulphur Black 692 2 12 0
Sulphur Black 992 2 4 0
Sulphur Black 992 Grains 2 4 0
Alizarine 20% Paste 145 0 0
Alizarine 100% Powder 7 0 0
Methylene Blue Extra 6 8 0
Mentall Yellow Elephant 3 0 0
Mentall Yellow Extra 3 0 0
Menthil Violet Lumps 6 0 0
Punkaj Magenta MCK Lumps 8 0 0
Magenta Extra O 9 0 0
Diamond Green 8 0 0
Bismark Brown Extra 4 0 0
Chromidine Extra G 4 0 0
Melachite Green Crystals 7 8 0
Auramine Extra 7 4 0
Acid Orange Extra 2 14 0
Acid Scarlet 2 0 0
Golden Scarlet 7 0 0
Rhodamine B Extra 500% 23 0 0
Soap Green 20 0 0
VAT FAST DYES
Vat Blue GCD Powder 37 0 0
Vat Blue GSN Powder 43 0 0
Vat Blue Dark Blue BO 35 0 0
Vat Blue Brit. Green B 900 35 0 0
Vat Blue Brit. Green 2100 90 0 0
Vat Blue Brit. Green B 3200 142 0 0
Vat Magenta B Powder 42 0 0
Yellow 5G 45 0 0
Vat Olive Green B Powder 20 0 0
Vat Olive Gray Powder 20 0 0
Vat Red Brown 20 0 0
Vat Violet 2R Powder 20 0 0
Vat Violet 2R 90 0 0
Vat Pink R 65 0 0
PRINTING COLOURS
Printosol O Conc. 18 0 0
Printosol O 4B 24 0 0
Golden Yellow 20 0 0
Printosol Green Paste 48 0 0
Rapid Red 17 0 0
Orange 16 0 0
Yellow 16 0 0
Indigo 60% Grains 5 4 0
Indigo 60% Grains 1 lb. pkg. 5 4 0
CHEMICALS
Hydrosulphite of Soda 2 12 0
Bisulphite of Soda 53 0 0
Turkey Red Oil 42 0 0
Monsieul Naphthol Soap 175 0 0
Sulphuric Acid 21 0 0
Soda Bicarb 21 0 0
Ammonia Bicar Powder 55 0 0
Ammonia Chloride 35 0 0
Soda Ash 125 0 0
White Sugar of Lead 125 0 0
Brown Sugar of Lead 110 0 0
Tri Sodium Phosphate 48 0 0
Bleaching Powder 39 0 0
Sodium Sulphide English 33 0 0
Sodium Sulphide Indian small 31 0 0
Sulphate of Alumina (Pure) 20 0 0
Aniline Salt 1 2 6
Bichromate of Potash 135 0 0
Bichromate of Soda 75 0 0
Sulphuric Acid 45 0 0
Acetic Acid 1 1 0
Formal De Hyde 30 8 0
Zinc Dust 80 0 0
Borax Cryst. 36 0 0
Nitrite of Soda 45 0 0
Rongalite C 2 12 0

EARLY CRUSHING TO RELIEVE SUGAR SHORTAGE

Good Demand For Silver

(From Our Correspondent)
HAPUR, Oct. 28.
GUR AND SUGAR: The most eventful news of the week has been the announcement of statutory maximum prices of sugar and sugarcane by the Government of India. The Government have fixed Rs. 28 per maund for 327 grade sugar against 29.5 last season. The sugarcane price has not been altered and remains 1.10 per maund in the U.P. A few days ago it was confirmed that the U.P. Government have expressed their disinclination to rescue sugarcane prices for various reasons. The news has come as a big surprise. There were general expectations that sugarcane prices would be reduced positively and with the same sugar prices also. Secondly there is the incidence that the price of sugarcane is nearly the same as of gur today—quoted at Hapur at 28 per maund—touched as high as 38 earlier in the season. At Deoria ready gur is quoted at 50/- per maund. What an irony from the point of view of the consumers as the laudable price of Cuban sugar now stood at 11/8 and of the Brazilian sugar at 10/8! An unheard of thing almost unimaginable—sugar and gur quoted at the same price of gur at a little higher price whereas the normal ratio between the sugar and gur prices was 2 1/2 to 1. If sugar stood at 25/- p.m. gur was quoted at Rs. 10/- p.m. Free markets or say honest markets in sugar have ceased to exist. Everywhere there is seeming shortage and black market price from Rs. 2/- to 3/- per seer. Governments have expressed their helplessness to do anything till such time as the new crop produce reaches the markets. The Government of India have announced their decision to give inducement to factories to increase their production in the coming season. They will give priority for materials and other facilities. Sugar factories in the Bombay province are likely to begin crushing a little earlier this season. All the factories would be working by the middle of Nov. The U.P. factories would also begin work from the middle of November. The Indian Tariff Board is busy in Madras discussing the question of the continuance of protection to sugar industry beyond the present period. It is likely to report to the Government before the end of December.

GUR PRICE FIRM

Gur markets continued their rising trend. Arrivals had been good earlier in the week but due to the pre-occupation of the peasants with rabbi sowings have now gone down. There is very good demand for ready gur from Gujrat, the C. P. and eastern U.P. Calcutta demand is erratic depending on local arrivals. Ready gur which had touched 23/-

CRUSHING TO RELIEVE SUGAR SHORTAGE

is now quoted at 28/- at Hapur. Arrivals now average 2,000 mds. against 6,000 to 7,000 mds. earlier. Old stock has been wiped off in entirety. The forward gur market has been very erratic. There was a nervous fall during the week on the rumour that gur loadings would be temporarily suspended and also that a lower sugarcane price may be fixed. But there was a quick recovery when the news were found to be baseless. Fagan which had touched at 15/13 on Friday last is now quoted at 14/6. Highest during the week touched 14/8 while the lowest quoted was 13/3. Hapur has this season received 75,000 mds. of gur so far. Last year gur was quoted at 17/12 per md. on the corresponding date.

BULLION

The market remained steady. Continued sales of silver and gold by the Reserve Bank have taken sales the fluctuations have been narrow and unimportant. There is very good offtake for silver all over the country and the restricted sales by the Bank have been well observed. Gold and silver have been steady. The silver despite quite heavy sales by the Bank during the week. It is now authoritatively learnt that the sale of gold has nothing to do with inflation. The sale is owned by the Nizam and not by the Hyderabad state and that the Bank would try to get the highest price for its client. It is believed that with the present cautious policy the Bank would be able to hold the Hyderabad state to a pretty long time. Silver is presently quoted here at 170/6 and gold at 112/- against 168/12 and 111/4 closed on Friday last and the 170/6 and 112/- respectively touched for the first time on 28/10/49 and 110/8 for the lowest during the week. Oilseeds and oils: The market remained steady on good local and Bihar demand and higher Calcutta advices. Crushing operations have, however, made no advance. Demand is confined to superior grades as there have been numerous complaints of adulteration in recent weeks. There is very good offtake and a consequent advance in prices. Here are the latest quotations: sarson 32/-, tarasand 28/- to 29/-, groundnut 22/-, cottonseed 16/8 oilcake 11/12 mustard oil 90/- and linseed oil 87/-.

SAFARI

The market remained quiet. Pakistan's latest move to maximum raw jute prices and regulate jute exports have not helped much and the trade between the two continues to be at a standstill. The U. P. Government have removed sales tax from jute to stimulate jute production in the province.

Aggressive Mill Buying Of U. S. Cotton

NEW YORK, October 28.
The market advanced on aggressive mill demand for old crops reflecting heavy cotton goods business in Worth Street extending into the second quarter of 1950. Prospects of lightning "free" supplies of good quality cotton as a result of the recent inclement weather also tended to increase buying interests. Far distant deliveries attracted renewed demand for commission houses and New Orleans operators based on prospects for a high loan rate next year, and expectations that acreage will be reduced by at least 20 per cent. The bale situation with the of the steel strike is serious in Texas and Oklahoma where production has exceeded the pre-season estimate. It is estimated that the supply of sale ties will fall short by one million unless the dispute is settled soon. The official downward revision of ginnings figures led some observers to opine that Government had overestimated the crop, and that the November forecast should be reduced to or below the 15,000,000 bale level.

Prices Initially Declined on Hedging in Nearby and Commission House Liquidation

Prices initially declined on hedging in nearby and commission house liquidation. The far advance with the latter prompted by an unexpected 25 points drop in the mid-October parity price. Pressure subsequently subsided and prices rallied on end-month mail. A few reflecting recent heavy goods sales.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, October 28.	
December	29 85 -02
March	29 96 -03
May	29 83 +01
July	29 44 +01
October	27 91 -05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW ORLEANS, October 28.	
December	29 61
March	29 51 bid
May	29 78
July	29 34
October	27 91

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

NEW YORK, October 28.	
American Telephone and Telegraph	144 3/4
Admiral Holding Co.	32
Anacosta Copper Mining	28 1/8
Chase National Bank	36
Prestone Tyre	47 7/8
General Electric	38 1/8
General Motors	68
Ingersoll Rand	71
International Nickel of Canada	29
National City Bank of New York	44 5/8
New York Central Railroad	10 3/8
Smclair Oil	22 3/4
Socoy Vacuum Corporation	17 3/8
Texas Corporation	64 3/8
Union Carbide	42 7/8
U. S. Smelting and Refining	38 3/4
U. S. Steel Common	25
Western Telegraph	18

The highest and lowest U. S. Steel trading prices were 25 and 24-7/8 respectively.

Your family will love meals cooked with GOLDEN ARROW

JUST WAIT TILL THEY TASTE ITS DELICATE FLAVOUR!

golden arrow VANASPATI

Sold in new 10 lb., 5 lb. & 2 lb. tins with bright new green and gold label!

Serve meals cooked with GOLDEN ARROW and keep your family happy. It improves the taste of any cooked, fried or baked dish, and keeps them light and easily digestible. Made from pure vegetable oils, it has a high energy-giving content.

Look for the new green and gold label and buy a tin TODAY!

FOR FINER TASTE COOK WITH **golden arrow VANASPATI**

AMRIT BANASPATI CO., LTD., GHAZIABAD & BOMBAY

DISPOSALS

SALE

BIG HAUL OF TAX EVASION CASES

35,000 Assessee's Accounts Reopened

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31. (PTI).—Nearly 35,000 cases of assesses whose accounts were closed some time ago were reopened during the last few months by income-tax authorities on the basis of direct evidence in their possession, according to a report in the "National Herald" from its Delhi special correspondent.

"Inquiries show" says the correspondent, "that while the Government will provide every facility to the holders of hidden money to make confession of their past activities, there is no intention whatever to show any special concession to them. It is always open to the holders of black money to get their case reopened. The facility now provided is that instead of going to income-tax officers these people can now come direct to the Income-tax Investigation Commission and reach a settlement."

"The assesses whose cases have been reopened, it is believed, will be permitted to settle their accounts with the Commission under the proposed ordinance. The reason for limiting the period of re-opening of the ordinance to a few months is presumably to persuade these gentlemen who are reported to be anxious to shell out to the Government their legitimate dues to make up their minds as quickly as possible. Otherwise the income-tax authorities will proceed with the cases in the usual course."

VICE-CHANCELLORS TO MEET

Translating Works In Indian Languages

BOMBAY, Monday. The third meeting of the Provincial Advisory Committee of the National Cadet Corps was held at 2 p.m. tomorrow in the Committee Room, Secretariat, under the Chairmanship of Mr. B. G. Kher, the Premier.

A meeting of the Vice-Chancellor of the six Universities in the Province of Bombay and scholars of the three regional languages will be held at the same place soon after to consider a proposal by Dr. P. V. Srinivasan regarding encouragement to translation of publications and books of cultural value from one Indian language into others. Mr. B. G. Kher will also preside over this meeting.

Later, the Vice-Chancellors will meet under the Chairmanship of Mr. Kher to discuss questions of common interest and matters requiring co-ordination between the various Universities.

PROF. M. H. STONE FOR INDIA

Great Mathematician

BOMBAY, Monday. Professor Marshall Harvey Stone who is arriving in Bombay on 1st November 1949, is expected to stay here for a few months during which time he will be at the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research as a Visiting Professor of Mathematics.

Professor Stone is a Distinguished Service Professor and the Chairman of the Department of Mathematics at the University of Chicago since 1945. Among the high offices held by Professor Stone in the scientific and academic bodies of the United States, mention may be made of the Presidency of the American Mathematical Society, Fellowship of the National Academy of Science of the U.S.A., and membership of the National Research Council.

Professor Stone has travelled extensively and visited India in 1944 in connection with his wartime work. During his stay at the Institute, Professor Stone will deliver a course of lectures on the Special Theory in the Lecture Room of the Institute, and the detailed programme of his lecture will be announced later.

CALCUTTA STRIKERS RETURN TO WORK

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31 (UPI).—Almost all the clerical staff and peon labourers including scavengers of the Calcutta Corporation joined their duties on Monday.

One hundred and ninety-eight loaves were distributed today from Garinatta Market for throwing acid bulbs on the Corporation workers engaged in clearing garbage. Two Corporation workers were also arrested from Cossipore area for obstructing loaves workers. Excepting a few metals, all others joined their duties.

U. S. DEMANDS RECALL OF CZECH ENVOY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 31 (PTI-Reuters).—The United States today demanded the recall of Czechoslovakia's Consul-General in New York Dr. Ervin Munk and also an employee at the Czechoslovak Embassy in Washington. State Department officials refused to give any reason for the demand.

But a usually well-informed source said it was "a reprisal" for the arrest in Prague, ten days ago, of Samuel Meryn, American Embassy clerk who has been accused of espionage.

U. S. LEASE LEND CHIEF DEAD

GREENWICH, (Connecticut), Oct. 31 (PTI-Reuters).—Mr. Edward Sterling, junior, America's wartime Secretary of State, Lease Lend Administrator and first delegate to the United Nations, died here today aged 49.

As Lease died here today, it was responsible for distributing more than

One Of The Greatest Statesmen

JOHNSON'S TRIBUTE TO NEHRU

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, Oct. 31 (PTI).

Secretary of Defence, Louis Johnson making his first speech at the dinner in honour of Pandit Nehru, spoke with great warmth of his feeling towards Pandit Nehru and India.

Mr. Johnson recalled his association with India during the presidency of Franklin Delano Roosevelt and said that Pandit Nehru was one of the greatest men alive in the world today and one of the world's greatest statesmen.

Mr. Johnson introduced Governor Patterson of West Virginia who welcomed Pandit Nehru to the State. Mr. Johnson then proposed a toast to Pandit Nehru.

The Indian Prime Minister responded in a speech lasting about ten minutes. He referred to the "overwhelming friendship" and the "receptions given to him in the United States and said he was deeply affected by them."

Pandit Nehru disclosed that a few years ago, when Mr. Louis Johnson was President Roosevelt's personal representative in India, Mr. Johnson had conveyed to him a personal invitation from President Roosevelt to visit America.

Pandit Nehru said that in view of the prevailing conditions in India at that time he had been regrettably compelled to decline President Roosevelt's invitation.

Pandit Nehru said he did not know whether the course of events in India would have been influenced if he had made a trip to the United States at that time.

Anyhow he had always entertained a deep desire to go to the United States and that had now been fulfilled as a result of President Truman's invitation.

FOOTBOARD TRAVEL COSTS CONSTABLES' LIVES

CALCUTTA, Oct. 31 (PTI).—Two constables, attached to the Uttarpara police station in Hooghly district, died as a result of a street accident yesterday.

It is stated that while the constables were travelling on the footboard of a lorry, they dashed against a roadside lamp post and were thrown off the vehicle as a result of the impact. One of them died instantaneously while the other expired in hospital shortly after admission.

CONDUCTOR SHOT AT

Gunmen's Attempt To Stop Bus

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31 (PTI).—A bus conductor of the Delhi Transport Service received a bullet injury in his right leg near Pusa road last night when three men armed with a gun tried to stop the bus.

According to police inquiry on the spot, when the bus was being taken to the shed at 10 P.M., one of the three men fired a shot, which pierced through the side of the bus and hit the conductor. The loud report of the fire attracted a few passers-by, who overpowered two of the three men. The third escaped with the gun. The conductor was removed to the hospital.

Pilot Killed In Nasik Plane Crash

NASIK, Oct. 30 (PTI).—A single seater plane of the B.A.F. crashed at Deolali aerodrome on Thursday last killing the pilot officer.

The plane, used for observation flights, was giving a demonstration to units of the National Cadet Corps junior division, when the engine failed and the plane crashed against a hill. The plane has been completely wrecked.

Machine Tool Factory Near Bangalore

CENTRE'S AGREEMENT WITH SWISS FIRM

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, Oct. 31. THE GOVERNMENT of India have signed an agreement with the Oerlikon Machine Tool Company, Zurich (Switzerland) for setting up a machine tool factory at Bangalore.

At which the Zurich firm will take up ten per cent, on which Government have guaranteed five per cent interest, during the first five years provided "until incorporation of the company, Oerlikon shall pay the cost of such plant and machinery."

It has been further agreed that it is necessary for the transfer of license of payment upto five per cent of the share capital. The share amount payable by Oerlikon shall be paid in American dollars or Swiss currency at the option of the Government for sale purposes of the factory.

At the expiry of 20 years Government shall have the option to buy all Oerlikon's shares at a mutually agreed price.

Oerlikon shall have the right to nominate one representative to the Board of Directors and shall be responsible for the completion of the factory, training of Indian personnel in Switzerland setting up of a training school in India and for the efficient technical supervision for twenty years.

Construction of the factory may be carried out in five stages spread over four years.

ROYALTY In consideration of the services that may be rendered, Oerlikon will receive royalty on the actual sale price of the first five years three and a half per cent during the second five years, three per cent during the third five years and two per cent during the last five years.

NO COERCION OF CAPITALISTS

(Continued from Page 1)

only to approach our problems in the right spirit and with a proper frame of mind.

LET US WAIT

"Then, some say that we have got a Parliament and have won independence, but there is no opposition. What is our Parliament today? It is merely a child, and we do not want merely to imitate a foreign country. We must have institutions which are suited to our own times, our own difficulties. Gandhiji has written a lot about Parliaments but I am not going to weary you with all that. My only appeal to you is that until we are in a position to take a vigorous and healthy blood begins to flow in her veins we should not put up barricades against each other."

Similarly, for own economic independence, we shall have to make different types of sacrifices and put in constructive work of a different sort. In that task, we shall require the help of the cultivator, who toils in his fields, of the labourer who works in his factory, of the rich who have wealth and can create more, and of the middle class who, I know, have had to bear a heavy burden. All these are in trouble. The kisan has his own problems, so has the labourer, and so has the middle class. The rich men also have their problems. There are very few rich men in our country. It will not pay us to ill-treat them. If, by ill-treating them, we could achieve our object, I would have joined with all those who are after them."

MEER THEORISTS

"We have to realise that we have dearth of experienced men, and talent. We cannot be mere theorists. We have to say that they can achieve our salvation in a different way have merely been saying, but have not been doing anything."

Sardar Patel reaffirmed that the Government of India was wedded to the principle of gradual progress. He said that the Government would do its best to translate this principle into action.

He, however, emphasised that by accusing a group of capitalists and industrialists whose members in the country were very small, they would not be able to solve the problem. In case the capitalists were to withhold their help, the best way to win them over was that of love and affection. This, he added, he had already proved in his efficacy with regard to the princely states.

Referring to the controversy about nationalisation of industries, Sardar Patel said that the Government had enough resources to take over the industries of the country and to run them efficiently, it would not have hesitated even for a minute to do that, but in the present circumstances this was not possible.

DO NOT DISCARD TALENT

"If you do not discard talents if your services are available. You have also to remember that if we had not achieved what we did, we would not have been honoured like this in foreign countries. If we have a pit in our abdomen, it is not putting on good clothes and dressing ourselves well because that would serve no purpose. The plain fact is that if we wish to survive we have to produce more and remember when you think of how to produce more, that a drop of sweat is worth an ocean."

"Our production has stopped. We do not create any more wealth. Under British rule we used to do so and we tolerated when they took their own share away. Now we grumble when they are not managing the affairs. The rich, whether they are good or bad, we have to take with us. If you can do without them you are quite at liberty to do what you like, but so long as we need their services, we have to take them with us. We have to make every one understand his duty, and we have to manage everybody the way I did the Princes. Sometimes we have to punish people, but that can be only when wrongs are proved. We have to make them love us. We have to melt their hearts through love. If we can create wealth in this manner we can secure our economic freedom."

SUGAR SCARCITY

"Take for instance sugar. There is a scarcity of sugar. Every one of us feels the pinch, but if there is scarcity, let people think where we can get it from. Some say we can import. They do not know that we cannot import it. It takes time and it needs money. If we are in want of sugar it is clear that we cannot die. We may get angry about it, but then we can live. If, therefore, we can manage for some time, with less, because we have to live, we have no reason to grumble."

If it is possible, we have made mistakes, but I would say that if anybody could do better, he could come and try. I shall congratulate him. If

G. P. AND BERAR MEDICAL CONFERENCE



Mr. H. V. Kanath, M.C.A., who inaugurated the Medical Exhibition which was held at Jubilee on the occasion of the first session of the Provincial Medical Conference, is seen inspecting one of the stalls in the exhibition.

No Coercion Of Capitalists

(Continued from Page 1)

over our problems and meet them in a co-operative spirit.

"You have to remember that we have had to give up areas which yielded grain. We can produce more grain in this country, but that requires effort and ceaseless effort. Instead, we have people who would not produce more. We have also people who have hoarded two years' supply in anticipation of famine and raising prices. This is a disservice to the country. Our motto should be: 'produce more, spend less and waste nothing.' So long as our neighbour starves, it is our duty to part at least with the surplus. Until this feeling develops amongst us and this sentiment rules us, we cannot be really strong."

The principle which I have laid before you is the one taught to us by our ancient culture and civilisation. If in this country we cannot be guided by that principle, no other country can practice it. If at this time, everybody demands his share, the rich, the labourer, the kisan, we shall all be economically dependent and we shall never attain economic freedom. At the same time, we have got to attain it. For that we have to work and we shall have to do so during the next year."

Sardar Patel said in conclusion:—"If everyone of us gives even a little, India's economic independence will be secured in the not very distant future. I shall also take from the rich whatever I can by appealing to him and by persuading him. We cannot force out of him what we want. It will not pay us to undertake anybody else has done his duty. Instead, there should be a regular competition in making sacrifices. If we act according to this spirit, we shall succeed. We have a great asset in that no danger comes to us from inside. If we have to face any dangers from outside, the world itself would collapse. Big powers will destroy each other if they again resort to any large scale conflict. And if any small power like us, we can deal with it quite effectively."

"We should all of us live amicably and co-operate in united effort. We shall not be guilty of any aggression, while I will strengthen them. We shall not be guilty of any aggression, while I will strengthen them. We shall not be guilty of any aggression, while I will strengthen them."

BITTER WORDS, BUT...

"If you can bless me by listening to me there is something to be for, otherwise I would prefer to go to the front and die. You will subsequently say: Here was a man who was blind and used to say bitter things, but at least he said what he felt and was in our interest."

Earlier, Dr. Rajendra Prasad paid tributes to the services of Sardar Patel to the country and said that India was lucky to have such a small man, who was so big in his critical firmness."

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for works, Mines and Power, said that the leadership of Sardar Patel was unique and "there is no equal to him in the whole world."

Mr. J. C. Ram, Labour Minister, described Sardar Patel as a "man of action" and said that he was firm like a mountain and calm like a sea.

CAPITAL OF MADHYA BHARAT

(Continued from Page 4)

credit. It has sprung up as a commercial town because of its geographical situation.

GWALIOR'S CASE

Gwalior, with its ancient Fort, and its hoary tradition which goes back to the time of Ramayan, has treasures of Buddhist, Jain and Gupta architecture and palaces like "Man Mandir". It is surrounded by a number of hill forts from where the great warriors of old fought the British, and from where—in our first armed revolution of 1857—the great Laxmibai commanded the National Forces and immortalised it by her martyrdom; where training and shelter was provided to Chandra Sekhar Azad, Ram Prasad Bismil and Singh; where the famous "Bhim Conspiracy" was originally planned. Gwalior has a proud past and a prouder recent history behind it, which of themselves amply speak for its claim to be the capital of Madhya Bharat.

Last but not least—but for the spontaneous co-operation of the Maharaja of Gwalior, Madhya Bharat would not have come into being so early. It is the great sacrifice on the part of this Prince, which has quickened the pace of the formation of the Union. Again, it is Gwalior that has contributed more than any other state to the welfare of the people of Madhya Bharat.

Does not all this prove which should be the Capital of Madhya Bharat?

KHER REPLIES 'CUT IN COAL CRISIS'

Calcutta Conference Decision

JHARIA, Oct. 31 (PTI).—An agreement to reduce the price of different grades of coal has been reached as a result of a conference in Calcutta between Dr. Shyamsunder Mohapatra, Minister for Industry and Supply and the representatives of the coal industry. It is reliably learnt here.

The rates of selected No. 1 and No. 2 grades of steam coal is expected to be reduced by 8 as per ton and slack coal by 10 as per ton. The price of soft coal is to be reduced by 15 as per ton. The rates of hard coals have been left untouched. The revised rates will be as follows:—

Grade	Steam coal	Slack coal
Selected "A"	16 4	15 3
Selected "B"	15 4	14 3
Selected No. 1	14 6	13 5
Selected No. 2	14 0	13 13
Soft Coke	21 12	

A reduction in the prices of Grade 3 "A" and 3 "B" coal were affected but they have not been touched now.

REDUCE CESS FEE

The coal industry, it is learnt, took the opportunity to improve upon Dr. Mohapatra's offer to reduce the cess rate of the coal mines welfare fund which is levied on all despatches of coal from 6 as to 3 as per ton. Representatives of the industry suggested that the industry should be relieved from the burden of distribution of foodgrains to colliery labour and make the quarter bonus system valid to labour an annual feature. Dr. Mohapatra is reported to have told them that demands affected other industries besides his own and he would consult them if the industry submitted memoranda.

PRICE CUTS

Questioned as to whether the Cabinet at its meeting today had come to any specific decisions with regard to the Government of India's directive to cut food and cloth prices by ten per cent, the Premier said that no decisions had been arrived at and that the matter would have to be discussed at ensuing Cabinet meetings.

The question of reduction of food prices on the date earmarked by the Central Government via. No. 1, the Premier said, was not now possible, no decision had yet been taken. He felt that the reduction in procurement prices, was bound up with the price of steel and cement, which was available to the farmer. If prices of steel and cement came down, then there would be no objection to cutting down grain prices.

Similarly, cloth prices had also to be lowered before grain procurement prices could be reduced. They had not yet worked out the details of such a possible, eventual cut.

Giving an impression of his recent travels across the Province, the Premier said that the people of the Province to know, that the crops this year were exceptionally good, and he expected better procurement and better food conditions. He had been to the villages and seen the farmers to co-operate with the Government to the fullest extent in delivering their crops.

OPTIMISM

Bounding a note of optimism for the future, the Premier said: "People have now begun to realise that in matters that count, our leaders, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, are not only sincere but also sound policy and the present depressing conditions will change very soon."

"Subjectively, because people have begun to appreciate the value of liberty and the need to make sacrifices to realise it, and objectively also because conditions are bound to improve."

Uttering a stern warning to vested interests, he said: "Our temporary difficulties are a result of the making of political capital by interested parties. Let them remember that if their activities in civil sense and what Mr. Ambedkar said: 'constitutional morality' is the next five years," said Mr. Kher, "the task of every Indian, regardless of party affiliations will be to ensure, SECURITY, MORE FOOD, AND LESS INFLATION ON FOM-BLIGH MANDATE."

MAHARASHTRA

Questioned regarding the issue of United Maharashtra, Mr. Kher said that the Government of Bombay had not committed themselves in the matter. It had to be decided at Government of India level. They would like this issue to be settled in this manner, as their legislature was competent.

He, however, felt that the unity of the Province was the basis of the progress of the Province. He felt that the issue could have been settled sooner. But, sooner or later, was the course of a long process. This was the course of a long process. This was the course of a long process.

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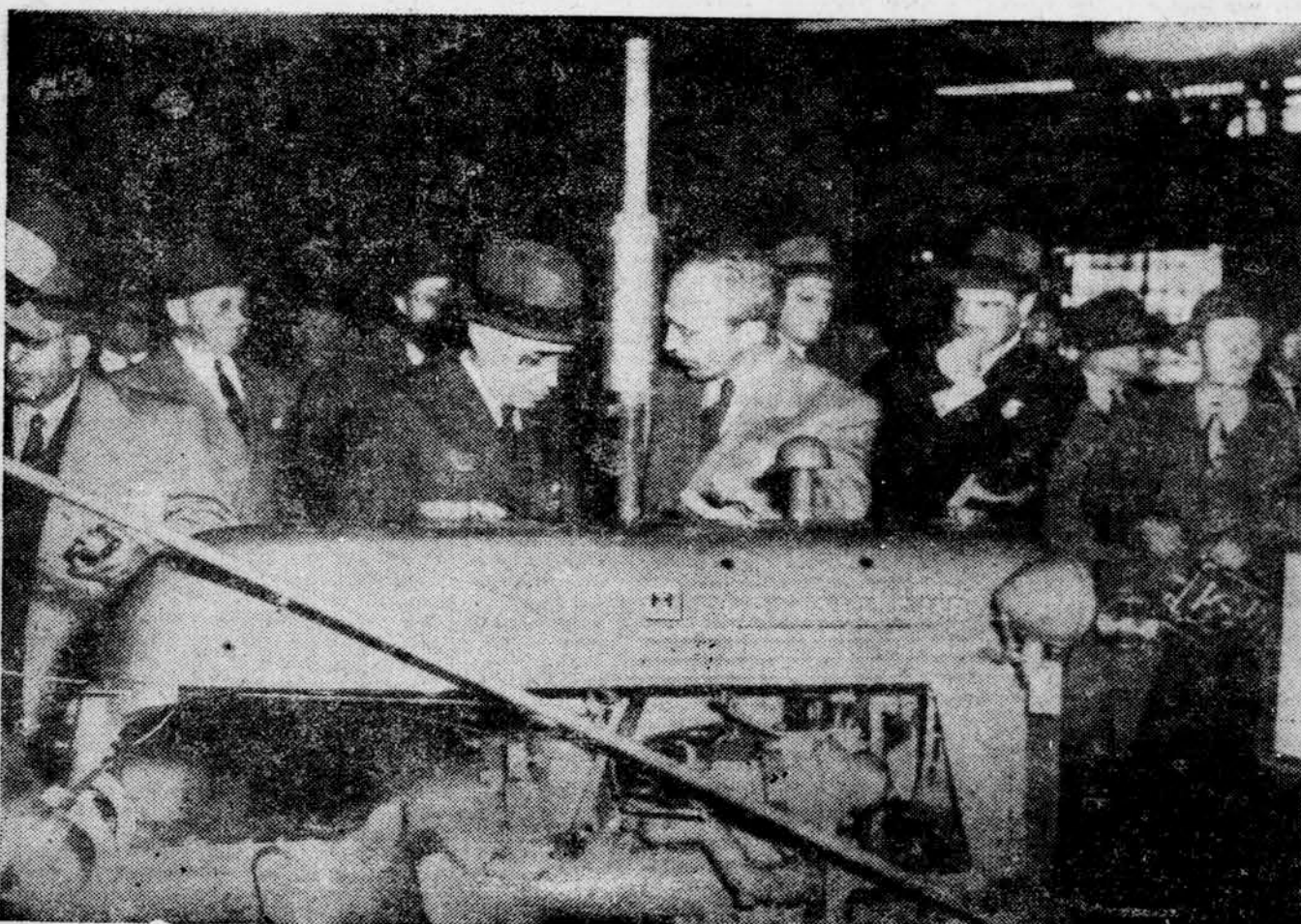
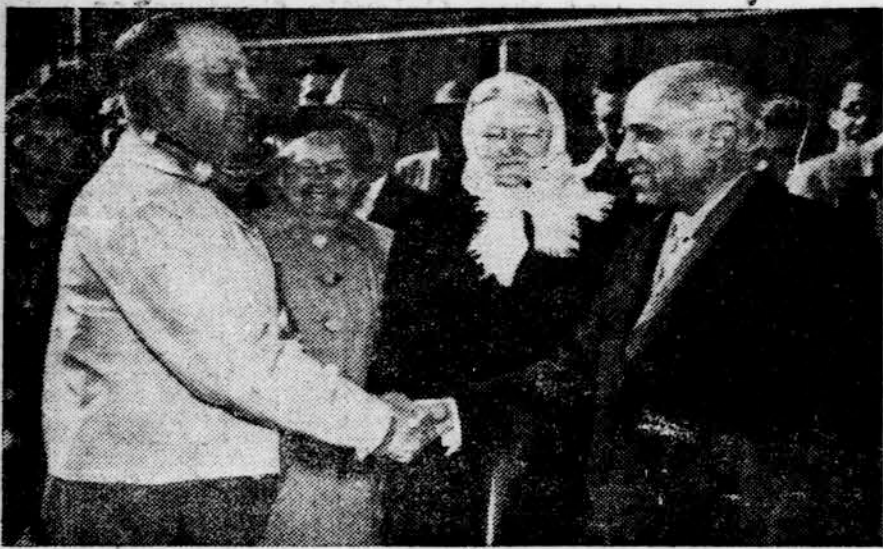
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PANDIT NEHRU IN SAN FRANCISCO

Indian Community's Welcome

A BUSY round of activities marks today's schedule for Prime Minister Pandit Nehru, who reached here late yesterday afternoon after a week-end rest at the famous West Virginia mountain resort, White Sulphur Springs.

Arriving aboard Secretary of Defense Louis Johnson's four-engined Air Force Constellation, the Indian leader was greeted at the Hamilton Airport by a reception committee headed by the Governor of California, Earl Warren, and the Mayor of San Francisco, Elmer Robinson. An Army band and a special military guard of honour saluted Pandit Nehru as he disembarked for a two-day stay in this city, where the United Nations Charter was born.

Residents of California, who sometimes boast of their state's fine climate, now speak of their university with the same superlatives. Present enrollment includes 43,500 regular and 200,000 part-time classes and correspondence students. The university maintains eight major campuses, a faculty of 3,200 scholars and scientists, 1,500 administrative staff members and 9,000 other part-time employees. Administered by an expenditure of nearly \$90 million a year, the university comprises more than 50 colleges and research institutes, several hundred departments and more than 2,000 individual courses. Students from all parts of the United States and from 44 other countries attend its classes.

The ground on which the beautiful residential and university city of Berkeley is built rises from the shore of San Francisco Bay to a rugged hill section, from which there are magnificent views of the bay and the world-famous Golden Gate, spanned by the world's longest bridge.

CHANT OF TRIUMPH Amidst shouts of "Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai", "Jawahar Lal Nehru-Ki-Jai" and "Jai Hind" the Prime Minister made his way through packed crowds to the waiting cars. The usual methods of the F.B.I. men to keep the crowd at arms length did not succeed on this occasion.

The San Francisco "Chronicle" opened its report of Nehru's reception with this sentence: "A chant of triumph poured from a thousand throats at San Francisco's municipal airport, a chant couched in a foreign tongue and pitched in a minor key." It was referring to the shouts of Jais raised by the Indians.

The San Francisco "Examiner" in its report said: "From everywhere in chorus after chorus, there arose the national cry of free India. Such a

He was 60-year old Godha Ram Channon, who came to California in 1912 as a student. Today Mr. Godha Ram Channon was General Secretary of the Indian community's reception arrangements for India's Prime Minister.

Among about 600 Indians present at the airport to welcome Nehru were G. J. Watumull, the noted Indian philanthropist, and Mr. S. Watumull who had come specially from Los Angeles to welcome Nehru. M. A. K. Dar, acting Consul General for India in San Francisco, and Mr. J. N. Sharma, Chairman of the Reception Committee.

San Francisco has the largest Chinese community outside China, the world's largest University, the University of California, the two longest and most graceful bridges in the world, across a bay of breathtaking beauty.

What may interest Pandit Nehru most, however, is the historical association of the city with India and the Indians. California has attracted people from India more than any other State in America. The first Indian, according to immigration records, came here in 1898. San Francisco has been the headquarters of many a revolutionary movement, among them Russian, Chinese, Irish and Indian. The Indian revolutionary movement was the Ghadar movement. Lala Har Dayal, a brilliant writer and a fiery speaker, was its founder. He for some time a Professor at Stanford University, California, but had to give up his job on account of his ultra-radical views. Lala Lalpat Rai, another great son of the Punjab, spent most of his exile in San Francisco.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

SRI K. G. MASHRUWALA has croached on my pet theme, Astrology. The birthday of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was celebrated on October 31. This, according to an almanac, should be corrected to a few weeks earlier in order that the astrological reading of his life should coincide with the facts. Since the birthday is celebrated on October 31, Sri Mashruwala concludes that the Sardar has disproved the stars or has become great in spite of the stars.

This logic is based on the supposition that what the people believe is right, a perfectly democratic attitude but one which has led many persons into all manner of confusion. But it brings out an important point ignored by most people: The date of one's birthday is the one matter that has to be decided by hearsay evidence. Yet we are all so definite about it.

I have for some time been an intermediary between astrologers and friends, without admitting to very great faith or unfaith in the art. It is surprising that so many are eager to look into the future only when they are most doubtful about the present. But that is beside the point. Some months ago a friend who had been listening to an argument between the Fatalist and the Determinist, asked me when we were by ourselves if I could take him to a "reliability man". I could and I did. The result was very instructive. My friend came and was impressed. He proceeded to give the hour of his birth, the day and the month. Then he stopped. "I do not know the year," he said simply, "but I have been told that it does not matter." It might not have mattered to him but it did to the astrologer and there the business ended. I was puzzled. It is strange to meet a man who does not know the year of his birth. I asked my friend how this had happened. He was bewildered too at our insistence. The phenomenon was very plain to him. There was no one alive who could enlighten him when he wanted to know and before that he was simply not interested. "I never wanted to go into government service," he explained, "and so the age never mattered." It never occurred to anyone to ask him how he remembered the time and the day and the month. The last two can be explained: Birthdays. But the time? Here was a case where both his ignorance and his knowledge were equally surprising, and we never bothered about his knowledge.

What Sri Mashruwala has missed is the main astrological point: Confusion regarding one's birth date is common to the great Napoleon might have known but no one else did know; Hitler's declared birth date was generally rejected; Abraham Lincoln never told; and the list can be expanded indefinitely.

THE FUTURE OF NEW GUINEA

Dutch Adamant

THE HAGUE, Oct. 31 (PTI-Reuters): The United Nations Commission at the Round Table Conference on Indonesia has proposed a year's postponement of the "stalemate" question of New Guinea's admittance to the United Republic of Indonesia. It was learned on a usually reliable authority today.

This followed failure of Dutch and Indonesian delegates to reach any compromise on the point. The Indonesian Republicans and Federalists maintain that the elimination of New Guinea from the territory of the United Republic of Indonesia would be a breach of the Dutch promise to give "complete and full independence."

The Dutch say the new Republic would have neither the personnel nor the money to administer New Guinea on a satisfactory basis. The United Nations Commission proposal is that the Conference discussion of New Guinea be wound up, and that its future status be discussed during the year's postponement.

U. S. SUPPORTS RAISING PEOPLE'S STANDARDS

Acheson Commends Point-4

CLEVELAND (Ohio), Oct. 31. (PTI-Reuters): THE U. S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, said today that hundreds of millions of people in underdeveloped areas of the world "are impatient to close the gap between their status as 'have-nots' and the status of the 'haves'."

"The United States are wholeheartedly in sympathy with this movement for better living conditions and social freedom. We welcome social changes which in fact transfer broad liberties and responsibilities to the people," he said. Communists were promising food and material comforts to hungry and distressed people, "if only they will accept slavery to the state in return," he added.

NEHRU'S RIGHT "The Prime Minister of India, Pandit Nehru, has said while on his visit to this country that the ideology that will prevail is the one that can deliver the goods, both materially and spiritually."

"He's right. Democracy must prove its case not only among those who already know democracy, but among the vastly greater number who have never experienced it. Freedom and democracy will flourish only if the social, economic and spiritual bases that support the free way of life are strengthened and extended wherever possible."

Mr. Acheson contrasted the poverty of the underdeveloped areas with prosperity in the United States and other developed countries of the world.

French Dockers Fight Against Indo-China War

MARSEILLES, October 31. (PTI-Reuters): The C. G. T. (Pro-Communist) Marseille Dockers have decided yesterday to cease loading ammunition for the French army in Indo-China from November 20 onwards, and the rest of Marseille dockers are expected to take the same decision today.

The C. G. T. groups cover 60 per cent. of local dock labour and nearly all the rest are in the Force Ouvriere Union which will vote on the

Jute Board For Pakistan

KARACHI, Oct. 31 (UPI)—In a Government Gazette Extraordinary, the Government of Pakistan have notified the constitution of a Jute Board consisting of Mr. G. Faruqi as Chairman and Messrs. M. A. Ispahani and Hafiz Ahmed as members.

MUTT AND JEFF—Of Course: Jeff Could Wait Until The Fourth To Celebrate

By BUD FISHER

